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THE WEALTH OF A CROESUS

Cornelius Leaves An Estate Valued at \$72,999,867.

ALMOST TWO MILLION DOLLARS INCOME

His Holdings in Vanderbilt Roads Surprisingly Small—He had over \$1,200,000 in Ready Cash—Estate to be Divided by Christmas.

ONLY \$25,000 INSURANCE ON HIS LIFE

New York, Dec. 12.—At the time of his death Cornelius Vanderbilt was worth \$72,999,867.96 in personal property and had \$20,000,000 worth of real estate. There are the figures given in the official detailed statement of the estate just completed.

The total income from the vast personality is \$1,739,290 annually, which is less than 4 per cent, on the market value of the stocks and bonds.

Cornelius Vanderbilt's \$52,999,867 in personality yielded him annually the sum of \$1,739,290. Translated into lesser divisions of time, this represents \$144,941 a month, \$33,447.88 a week or \$5,177 a day. Every minute of this man's existence made him \$3.30 richer.

HAD PLENTY OF READY CASH. In the list of personal properties is the item of cash, \$1,213,571. This means that Mr. Vanderbilt could sign checks for that amount without having to put up a cent of collateral or ask accommodation from his bankers.

The sum represents more currency than is carried in the vaults of many of the country's biggest national banks. It betrays Mr. Vanderbilt's condition of preparedness for speculative conditions.

The schedule of property contains many surprises for the beneficial world.

In many instances his holdings in what are known in the world of finance as the Vanderbilt properties, prove to be small. He owned but one fifty-fifth of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Co., where it was supposed that he was the possessor of what approached a controlling interest. Not one cent of the main line's gilt edged securities appear in his name.

Equally insignificant, in the light of preconceived ideas, are his holdings in Union Pacific, Michigan Central and Canada Southern, properties "under Vanderbilt control." He appears as a heavy holder of Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis "Big Four" stock, a road that since his acquirement of the securities has become a Vanderbilt possession and adjunct of the New York Central.

VANDERBILT ROAD HOLDINGS

Wall Street will find interesting food for speculation in the list of Mr. Vanderbilt's holdings in the New York Central and allied systems. Where he was expected to appear as the heaviest holder of the stock and bonds of the \$115,000,000 corporation he appears as the owner of only 20,000 shares of stock of the par value of \$2,000,000 and a present market valuation of \$2,835,000.

When Wall Street studied this one yesterday the inference was made generally that William K. Vanderbilt held the bulk of the family's interest in that property and was in all probability the richer man of the two.

One section of the schedule proves that certain charges about Mr. Vanderbilt's dealings were false and unjust. It was generally charged when the refunding schemes of the New York Central-Lake Shore and New York Central-Michigan Central were put through and the collateral trust bonds of the two systems, which the New York Central exchanged for the stock outstanding were issued, that the Vanderbilts were unloading the new bonds to buy New York Central stock.

The charge was caused by the appearance of a large block of the collateral trust bonds in the market soon after the deals were put through.

The fact that Mr. Vanderbilt held the bonds to the extent of \$10,000,000 proves that he did not violate the faith of those who held stock in the two systems.

The schedule reveals the remarkable fact that Mr. Vanderbilt had only \$25,000 insurance on his life.

State Comptroller Goldman expects a fall agreement to be reached before the end of the present week, which means that every effort is being made to finally dispose of the matter and have the money distributed among the heirs before Christmas.

—The Victoria Coal Mining Co., of Philadelphia, capitalized for \$100,000 has been granted a charter by the State Department at Harrisburg.

CREED REVISION RECOMMENDED.

Returns from Presbyteries Indicate a Change is Desired in Creedal Statement.

Washington, Dec. 11.—After two hours' deliberation Saturday, the Presbyterian Committee concluded its discussion of the revision of the Westminster Confession of Faith and adjourned. The committee find, on examination of the returns from the Presbyteries, the following facts:

First. That the returns mainly indicate that the Church desires some changes in its creedal statement.

Second. These returns indicate plainly that no change is desired which would in any way impair the integrity of the system of doctrine contained in the Confession of Faith.

Third. These returns also indicate that a large plurality desire that changes should be made by some new statement of present doctrines.

Fourth. These returns also indicate a desire upon the part of many Presbyteries for some revision of the present Confession.

Fifth. It was, therefore, unanimously agreed by the committee to recommend to the General Assembly that some revision or change be made for our confessional statements. Substantial but not final agreement was reached as to the method of preparing changes embodying both revision and supplemental statement; but the determining of the whole matter was deferred to a subsequent meeting.

The committee will convene in this city on Feb. 12 next to finally prepare its statement to the General Assembly in May.

Took Effect Automatically. The amazing thing about the industrial revival after McKinley's election was its suddenness. It seemed to take effect automatically, almost instantly, without a decent natural interval for the mere routine details of business. The explanation of this, obviously, is the preparation of the business mind for the event and the great number of contingent contracts.

These took effect on the day after election without even the formality of a confirmatory telegram, and industrial establishments could order work on them to begin at once. Besides these actual contracts contingent on the election, there seem to have been a great number of orders ready to send out in the first mail after news of it was had on which work could begin almost as soon. The suddenness of the industrial movement distinguishes it from 4 years ago more than its volume. The notion that industrial energy was at such high pitch already that there could be no parallel of the increase of 1897 begins to be held with less confidence. But there was less certainty of the event in advance in 1896, and the machinery of industry was idle and rusty. It took some time for it to get in motion after feeling the new impulse. This year it took the impulse like a powder fuse and leaped ahead under it with almost explosive force.—New York "Commercial Advertiser."

Back from Alaska with \$1,000,000

Allegan, Mich., Dec. 10.—Unannounced, Melville Dempsey came home Saturday to visit his old mother. Two years ago he left here with only the clothes he wore. Today he is worth \$1,000,000. This he has made in Alaska.

"I come back a rich man or leave my bones on some Alaska mountain side," declared Dempsey the day he went away.

It was he who discovered the original paying claim in the Copper river district. To do it he drew 500 pounds of provisions and mining tools 225 miles on a sled, crossing deep rivers and rocky chasms, to Chisna creek, which flows into the Copper river. There he found the gold he sought.

From one claim alone he took \$100 a day. First on the ground, he grubstaked other prospectors and so secured interests. He had neither time nor opportunity to work himself. His pockets are full of gold nuggets, and one of his presents to his old mother was a bottle full of gold dust.

Mr. Dempsey was one of the first church men to go to Alaska and he built a church at his own camp and another at Valdez. He started the Alaska Christian Endeavor organization and is vice president.

—Tamaqua is the headquarters for a new religious sect, which is gaining ground in Pennsylvania. It is called the "Abilene Dawn Circle," and has members as far west as Pittsburgh and as far east as Philadelphia. The disciples of this new faith believe that the millennium is at hand, and the present is the time of transition between the gospel age and the era of perfect peace and happiness promised in the Holy Writ. This conclusion is arrived at partly through an exhaustive study of the Bible and the prophecies and partly through the observation of signs of the time.

TALKED FOR FIVE HOURS

Senators Spend that Amount of Time Discussing Treaty.

SEVERAL MADE LONG SPEECHES

President Pro Tem Frye Says He is in Position to Make Official Denial of Rumors Stating Hay Will Resign.

EXECUTIVE SESSION SECRETS.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The senate spent almost 5 hours yesterday in executive session considering the Hay-Panama treaty. There were 5 or 6 speeches made, some of them by senators who had not spoken hitherto upon the treaty and others by senators who had previously expressed themselves. Among the latter was Senator Morgan, who returned to his former speech, elaborating somewhat his position as to the effect of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. He took issue with Senator Teller as to the purport of the first clause of that treaty, claiming that it applied only to Great Britain's right to fortify the Nicaragua canal itself. Senator Teller replied at some length, asserting that the provision was of more general import, as, he said, anyone could ascertain for himself by reading President Buchanan's views upon the subject when he was minister to England. The declaration then made showed plainly, besides, that England had attempted to extend her rights beyond the immediate vicinity of the canal. Mr. Teller then proceeded to again elaborate his views upon the general subject, repeating his declaration that the United States should construct the canal, if at all, regardless of the English position and without going through

senate. Mr. Chandler retorted that to do that was equivalent to giving it to the public and the senate then lapsed into a discussion of the ways in which their executive secrets get into the newspapers.

Clearwater Will Contest Hall's Election. Dubois, Dec. 11.—Papers were served yesterday on Congressman J. K. P. Hall, at Ridgway, notifying him that Col. A. A. Clearwater will contest Hall's election to Congress from the Twenty-eighth District.

Col. Clearwater was Mr. Hall's opponent at the recent elections and it was alleged that his defeat was brought about by open fraud in Elk County, the home of Mr. Hall.

The papers in the case have been prepared by Hon. W. C. Arnold, of Dubois, who was defeated by Hall two years ago, and it is confidently predicted by the best authorities in the district that the case against Hall is very strong.

Doomed to Destruction. The Lock Haven dam seems to be doomed to destruction, says the Express, unless the damage caused by the recent flood is repaired during the winter and the structure strengthened before the ice floods occur next spring. Since the flood has subsided to a low rafting flood, it can be plainly seen that not only has the sheathing timber been swept away, but some of the timber and stone of the main structure has gone. Rivermen are unanimously of the opinion that a heavy ice flood will destroy the dam, and its complete destruction is only a matter of a short time now, unless the structure is repaired this winter.

—John Wanamaker proposes to erect a \$5,000,000 store building on the site of his present mammoth establishment, similar in style to the public building of Philadelphia, to which it will be close neighbors.

A BLOODY FOOTBALL RECORD.

The University of Chicago Closes Season With Twelve Players Badly Bruised Up.

Northwestern University Counts Ten Students With Torn Ligaments and Broken Bones.

A CENSUS OF THE CRIPPLED SHOWS PAINFUL RESULTS

CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—A census of the crippled has been taken at the University of Chicago and at the Northwestern University. During the brief football season 12 men were injured seriously or painfully at the University of Chicago, while at the Northwestern ten athletes received hurts which put them temporarily out of the game. The injuries range from ruptured blood vessels to broken bones and torn ligaments. The list follows:

University of Chicago—W. C. Carey, displacement of the heart; Captain Kellogg Speed, ankle sprained, cut over eye; Frank Goodenow, ankle broken; James R. Henry, hand broken; A. W. Place, shoulder dislocated; W. H. Eldridge,

sprained ankle, knee dislocated; Harvey H. Lord, ankle sprained; Z. R. Pettit, tendons of shoulder torn; C. W. Ervine, tendons of left leg torn; G. H. Garrey, blood vessel in arm broken; Elvin Snyder, blood vessel in ear broken; A. R. Horton, blood vessel in ear broken.

Northwestern University—Henry Hanson, rib broken; C. E. Dietz, finger broken, shoulder sprained; J. E. Smiley, ligaments of shoulder torn; C. H. Ward, ankle sprained; J. A. Davidson, shoulder wrenched; A. J. Elliott, ankle sprained; Frank Breedin, elbow sprained; C. A. Baird, both shoulders wrenched; W. N. Machesney, muscle in leg stiffened; H. M. Schraudenbach, ligaments in leg torn.

the formality of ratifying the pending treaty.

During the day speeches were made by Senators Money, Stewart, Frye and others. Senator Stewart announced that he was for the treaty without amendment and Senator Money that he was against the treaty in any form.

There also should be new conventions between the United States and Nicaragua and Costa Rica, giving absolute control of the waterway to this country. He wanted no partnership with any country in ownership or management of the canal when built.

The possibility of Secretary Hay's resigning in case the foreign relations committee amendment to the treaty should prevail having been alluded to, Senator Frye said he was in position to make official denial of that report. The secretary had no such intention. Mr. Frye announced himself as favorable to the Hay-Panama treaty. He said that deny the effect of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty as much as we may, it still is on the international records of this country and is given more or less recognition by every administration that has to deal with the question of the construction of an isthmian canal. It had been a constant source of vexation in connection with the canal subject, and he apprehended that it would continue to be such until that portion of it relating to the canal should be disposed of. He was satisfied, for instance, that the canal would have been constructed during the administration of President Arthur if the old negotiation had not been in existence.

Senator Chandler asked Senator Frye to make Secretary Hay's position with reference to resigning public, but the Maine senator declined, saying that he was only authorized to make the statement to the

Freight Trains Collide on the New York Central Road at Bigler and a Fireman is Killed.

As a result of a mistake in orders, a disastrous head-on collision occurred about 2 o'clock Tuesday morning on the New York Central railroad near Bigler. Both were freight trains and aside from the serious damage done the engines and some of the cars, another life was suddenly hurled into eternity. The one who thus sadly met his death was Edward Maurer, one of the firemen, the other members of the train crews having fortunately escaped without injury. Maurer's home we are told, was at Williamsport, but we could not learn further details.—Phillipsburg Journal.

Fatal Shooting at Houtzdale.

Joseph McClelland, of Houtzdale, shot and instantly killed Bessie Burkholder, near Houtzdale Monday. A brother of young McClelland had been out hunting and upon his return handed his loaded and cocked gun to him. The weapon was hardly in his hands until discharged, the load entering the breast of the girl standing nearby. We understand she was but a child. While the shooting was most likely accidental, young McClelland was committed to Clearfield jail to await an investigation by the coroner, which will be made today. McClelland surrendered himself to a justice immediately after the shooting.

—Mine bank mules must be low in stature, but they are away up in price, a good 82 inch mule bringing from \$95 to \$100 now. Republican administration has a stiffening effect upon price.

It is said that the Duke and Duchess of York will visit the United States on their return journey from Australia, via Canada.

THE TELEGRAPHERS' STRIKE

It Is Claimed the Situation on Santa Fe Is Better.

SO SAY THE GENERAL OFFICES

Third Vice President Barr Says Only About 40 Per Cent. of the Men Have Gone Out—Trains Moving as Usual.

FRUIT GROWERS ARE EXCITED

CHICAGO, Dec. 10.—At the general offices in this city of the Santa Fe railway system it is claimed tonight that the efforts of the striking telegraph operators to tie up the business of the system are being overcome. J. M. Barr, third vice president of the company, last night made the following statement:

"Somewhat less than 40 per cent of the operators employed responded to the strike order. Most of these have applied for reinstatement. All passenger and freight trains are moving without interruption. The strike has not reduced the volume of business moving, the normal forces of men in all branches of the service will be worked."

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., Dec. 10.—The strike of the Santa Fe telegraphers has caused consternation among the orange growers and shippers of this city, as, if the strike is continued, it will undoubtedly result in a heavy loss to the orange dealers. An average of 100 cars of oranges is being shipped from this vicinity daily. Thousands of boxes of fruit have been picked and are ready to be shipped, and nearly the entire crop is ready for shipment.

All the operators on the Southern California railway, of which San Bernardino is the headquarters, have obeyed the order of their president and quit work. No attempt has been made to fill the position left vacant.

GALVESTON, Tex., Dec. 10.—L. J. Polk, general manager of the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe railroad, made the following report:

"At 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon everything was running smoothly. We are gaining ground rapidly in the matter of installing new agents and operators and will continue to do so even more rapidly from now on. Our business is not suffering in the slightest degree. For Sunday our day's free business has been very good indeed. We are running 21 trains on the northern and 12 on the southern division. So far as the volume of business handled is concerned, it would never be known that there was a strike on. Today we put 19 new operators to work. 7 new men came to us yesterday and 25 last night. Of the first lot 4 deserted and of the second lot 9. The deserters, I am informed were Order of Railroad Telegraphers, who simply came down here to harass us."

TOPEKA, Kas., December 10.—The following information is given out by strikers' representatives:

At 8 o'clock last night practically all the telegraphers on the Atchison and Santa Fe proper are still out. A few men returned to work yesterday morning under the impression that the strike had been called off and were later on induced to join the strikers. Later in the day they were all out to a man west of Emporia. Some of the men have already other prospects offered them on other roads and will accept them if the Santa Fe management persists in the present course.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., December 10.—The Times yesterday said:

Within the next fort-eight hours the walk-out of the Santa Fe operators may widen into a general strike and the members of the Order of Railroad Telegraphers be joined by those of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, the Order of Railway Conductors, the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Such is the danger the telegraphers say now threatens the great passenger and freight business of the Santa Fe from Chicago to the Pacific coast and the Gulf of Mexico.

Creditors of Judge Peter P. Smith, of Scranton member of the Pennsylvania Superior Court, filed a petition in the United States Court at Pittsburgh on Saturday, alleging that he was insolvent, the Judge having admitted his inability to pay his debts and his willingness to be adjudged a bankrupt. Sol and Aaron Goldsmith of Scranton, trading as Goldsmith Brothers, who were at one time in the mercantile business in Bellefonte, are among the Judge's heaviest creditors.

—Count von Walderssee is said to be tired of his life in China. What did he expect? One long continuous farewell performance ala Patti and others?

THE CHRISTMAS MONTH.

Not for all the joys of May,
Not for sweet June's rarest day;
Not for any springtime bliss;
Not for summer's passionate kiss;
Not for autumn's mellow mood,
Nor midwinter's frolic rude,
Would I barter from my year
Old December's time of cheer!

Month of Christmas and good will,
Childhood's love e-wraps you still;
All the world grows laughing young
When your reindeer chimes are rung;
None so gay and none so old
But do feel the charm you hold;
Then mock ye none the truth confess'd—
December's time of all is best!

AMERICANS REPULSED.

47th Regiment Lost 2 Men Killed and 2 Wounded.

MANILA, Dec. 9.—While the capture of supplies and the occupation of new points are quite numerous, those involving actual fighting are comparatively few.

A detachment of the 47th United States Volunteer Infantry from the Island of Catanduanes, off the southeast coast of Luzon, relinquished an attempt to land near Pandan.

On anchoring the Americans were fired upon by 60 riflemen, and after a short engagement they cut the anchor chain and sailed for Catanduanes, with 2 killed and 2 wounded. The names have not yet been received here.

This Youth Has Confessed.

BOSTON, Dec. 12.—The case of Morris Aaronburg, the youth who has confessed that he stole \$8,837 from Margaret Beck, which has puzzled the police from the first, still staggers the officials, although the boy has declared his guilt. It is the first case in police records here where a man or boy has confessed to having stolen money and has stood ready to take all the punishment which could be given for the offense without making restitution and trying to escape the full penalty. The police have figured it out that if Aaronburg goes to prison for the maximum term of 5 years without returning the stolen money, he will come out financially as if he had been at work all the time on a salary of about \$1,800 a year. All evidence is taken as indicating that Aaronburg has the money, safely concealed and intends to go to prison without revealing its hiding place. He will be sentenced probably to-day.

The Kansas Wheat Crop.

This year's wheat crop in one state alone—Kansas—breaks all records, and the Kansas farmers are reported to be "wheat crazy." Railway managers must be in a similar state of mind, for it is a gigantic task to move such a crop. It is estimated that more than 150,000 standard cars will be required to hold the crop, making more than 5,000 trains of 25 cars each, which if placed in a single line, would extend from Kansas City to Buffalo, a distance of about 1000 miles. The Kansas harvest lasted five weeks. It took 5,000 machines and an army of 25,000 men to do the work. The farmers of this banner wheat state paid out over \$1,500,000 in labor alone.—Home Magazine.

One Fly's Quiet Half-Century.

The corner-stone of the old high school building at Akron, O., which is being torn down to make room for a freight station, was removed the other day. The box it contained was delivered to a committee of the Akron lodge of Masons. When opened a big blue fly buzzed a moment and flew out from among the papers in the box. The box had been buried in the corner stone fifty years, and the fly could not have got into it after the stone was removed.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Rest Cure.

One of Queen Victoria's physicians, in a recent article, combats the commonly accepted idea that physical exercise prolongs life. He claims that since mental and bodily energy are the same thing, it is a waste of life force to seek rest in exercise. He prescribes two or three weeks, of solitary confinement, spent chiefly in bed, for sick or tired women, and well ones are also advised that treatment of this sort, once a year, would solve the problem of health and longevity. It is the theory of "conservation of energy" applied to therapeutics.

Axtell, the famous stallion, which brought \$100,000 when a three-year-old, has been sold for \$14,700 as a fourteen-year-old. But he has earned \$240,000 for his owners in the meantime.

—Having secured nearly one-fourth of the reduction made in war taxes by the House bill, the brewers have no kick coming to them, but they are making one just the same.

—The president Tuesday sent to the senate the name of Geo. V. L. Meyer, of Massachusetts to be Ambassador of the United States to Italy.

Additional Locals.

—David Dorman, of Feidler, shot a deer last week.

—A cold, cough or la grippe can be "nipped in the bud" with a dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar. Beware of substitutes. All druggists.

—Stella Whittaker, the little daughter of engineer Edward Whittaker, is ill with diphtheria.

—Cold and cough cures are numerous, but the one that leads all others in merit is Foley's Honey and Tar, which is in great demand these days. All druggists.

—William Haynes and his Snow Shoe hunting party got three deer during the past week.

—The person who disturbed the congregation last Sunday by coughing is requested to call on any druggist and get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar. It always gives relief.

—Somebody lays down the rule what every farmer should be, as follows: "Not only an accomplished tiller of the soil, but also an excellent mechanic, fair harnessmaker, the mender of shoes, a tolerable carpenter, pretty good blacksmith or machinist, and also a wide-awake, thorough judge and breeder of stock, knowing and caring for ailments, not only horse and cattle, but sheep, hogs, poultry or anything that money can be made out of."

—Many have lost confidence and hope as well as health, because they thought their kidney disease was incurable. Foley's Kidney Cure is a positive cure for the discouraged and disconsolate. Take no other. All druggists.

Tuesday morning a man walked into the Altoona police station and asked if a man by a certain name had been locked up, and if so he would like to see him. On being informed that no such man was there the stranger courteously tipped his hat and retired. A little later it was discovered that the man was demented and had inquired for himself. Then the ludicrousness of the situation became apparent and a search was instituted, but the man had disappeared.

—Thursday afternoon Lyon Shay, a moulder employed in the foundry of the Standard Scale works, met with a serious accident which may result in the loss of an eye. He was doing what is called "picking a flask" in which he used a long piece of wire. In some manner the wire shot back from the fire and struck him in the right eye. He was taken at once to Dr. J. L. Seibert for treatment. While the wound is a very serious one Dr. Seibert is in hopes of saving the eye. Mr. Shay is a young married man.

—At 11:30 a. m. Thursday, by Rev. John A. Wood, Jr., Jesse S. Stewart and Miss Sarah Minerva Walegale were united in marriage, at the home of the groom's parents, Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Stewart, at Tyrone. The wedding was a very quiet one, being simply a family affair. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart left immediately after the ceremony for Philadelphia, where they will spend a week or two before returning to Tyrone. The groom is known by everybody in Tyrone as a young man of high character, and his bride, whose home is at Unionville, is a splendid lady and will prove a good wife. This paper extends earnest congratulations.

Saw Death Near.

"It often made my heart ache," writes L. C. Overstreet, of Elgin, Tenn., "to hear my wife cough until it seemed her weak and sore lungs would collapse. Good doctors said she was so far gone with consumption that no medicine or earthly help could save her, but a friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery and persistent use of this excellent medicine saved her life." It's absolutely guaranteed for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all Throat and Lung diseases. 50c and \$1.00 at F. Potts Green's drug store. Trial bottle free.

A Chestnut Farm.

E. W. Warner, of Williamsport, is the owner of probably the oddest farm in Pennsylvania. It is a chestnut farm, located in the mountain district of north-east Lycoming county, near the Sullivan county line. The trees, of which there are over 3,000 are in rows exactly as fruit trees are in the orchard, and Mr. Warner gives them as much—or more—attention as do the owners of fruit trees. The original saplings or spouts were culled from a wide area of chestnut thicket, trimmed into shape, then grafted with the American sweet chestnut, a native nut of Pennsylvania. The result has been marvelous. This year was the third bearing season for the trees, some of the nuts being astonishingly large, measuring more than one inch across. As many as seven grew in a burr. The flavor of the nuts, it was feared, might be impaired by their size, but the kernels are as fine and sweet as the choicest Pennsylvania chestnut picked up in the fields.

\$1,000 Worth of Good.

A. H. Thurness, of Willis Creek Coal Co., Buffalo, O., writes: "I have been afflicted with kidney and bladder trouble for years, passing gravel or stones, with excruciating pain. Other medicines only gave relief. After taking Foley's Kidney Cure the result was surprising. A few doses started the brick dust, like fine stones, etc., and now I have no pain across my kidneys and I feel like a new man. Foley's Kidney Cure has done me \$1,000 worth of good. Take no substitute. All druggists."

MINERS' NARROW ESCAPE

Close Call of Thirty-two Men Employed in Nay Aug Colliery.

BELOW THE SURFACE 400 FEET

And About 1,000 Feet from the Bottom of the Slope When Two Acres of the Roof Came Down with a Terrible Crash.

GOOD WORK BY FOREMAN GIBBONS.

SCRANTON, Pa., Dec. 6.—Thirty-two men employed at the Nay Aug colliery, in Dunmore, were entombed by a cave-in yesterday morning, but, thanks to a simple fortunate circumstance, a repetition of the terrible turn shaft disaster was averted.

The men were at work about 1,000 feet from the bottom of the slope and 400 feet below the surface, when two acres of the roof between them and the slope came down with a terrific crash, crushing the pillars beneath it and causing a rush of air that almost blew the men from their feet and hurled the roof from off the fan house.

The lamps were extinguished, but finding that the air was still pure, they re-lighted them and began to look about for a way of escape. Some counselled remaining where they were until help should reach them from the outside, but the cracking of the pillars in their vicinity told them that the cave-in was extending towards them and that they must soon find a way out or be caught and killed like rats in a trap.

Foreman John Gibbons, who charged to be with the men at the time, bade them keep cool and quiet and he would try to find a way out. Crawling on his hands and knees over the fallen roof and sometimes squirming through crevices that barely admitted his body, he made his way to within 15 feet of the main air way which led to the second opening and which it was presumed was not affected by the fall as it is a narrow passage out through solid rock. Returning for the men he bade them take their tools and follow him. After a difficult and dangerous journey they reached the point where the fall blocked their way. This was attacked with bars, picks and shovels and after an hour's work a passage was cleared to the air way, which, as they counted upon was open. As fast as they could run they made their way to the second opening and thence to the surface, where they were greeted with wild hurrahs from the thousands who gathered expecting to see them brought out crushed or mangled corpses if they were brought out at all.

During the two hours and fifteen minutes intervening between the time of the cave-in and the time the men emerged from the second opening, the most intense excitement prevailed. Scores of volunteers, urged on by the piteous appeals of the wives and children of the entombed men, descended the slope and in the face of the fact that the roof was continually rocking and tons of rock were liable to drop at any moment, they proceeded to attack the fall and dig a passageway through it. Four miles are still in the mine and must need starve to death.

The only house affected to any extent was that of Joseph Melvin, which was thrown out of plumb until its sides run at an angle of forty-five degrees. There are only a few houses in the disturbed territory.

The Nay Aug colliery is an old working that was opened thirty years ago. It is pretty well worked out and only a comparatively few men were employed in it.

Ghosts would frighten many people who are not afraid of germs. Yet the germ is a real danger. If this microscopic animalism could be magnified to a size in proportion to its deadliness it would show like a giant python, or fire breathing dragon. The one fact to remember is that the germ is powerless to harm the body when the blood is pure. It is far easier to keep the germ out than to drive it out after it obtains a hold in the system. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is the most powerful and perfect of blood purifying medicines. It increases the quantity as well as the quality of the blood, and enables the body to resist disease, or to throw it off if disease has obtained a footing in some weak organ. Wherever the digestion is impaired, the nutrition of the body is diminished, for the blood is made from the food which is eaten, and half digested food cannot supply the body with blood in quantity and quality adequate to its needs. For this condition there is no remedy equal to "Golden Medical Discovery." It cures ninety-eight out of every hundred persons who give it a fair trial. When there is constipation Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets will promptly relieve and permanently cure.

Poor Little Spain.

When Spain goes into comparison with an up-to-date nation the result is not flattering to her. Spain has only 11,500 miles of railway, while France, of about the same area, has 36,000. Spain transports annually 16,000,000 passengers and 8,000,000 tons of minerals and merchandise. France transports 400,000,000 passengers and 110,000,000 tons of goods.

CASTORIA.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Jewelry, Chains, Brooches, Pins Good for Presents—Christmas Gifts.

The Turquoise finish in gold is now very fashionable, showing a deep, almost brownish yellow. Brooches or pins worked in the favorite tint, therefore lead, except when the limit of precious gems is reached and here, as formerly, amethysts set in pearls are in great favor. Turquoises likewise continue to be stylish and when with the matrix, as is often the case, may be used in pronounced sizes, preferably for belt clasps or in quite expensive belts, are set at intervals, with the finish of a large central clasp. Enamelled brooches in flower designs are too beautiful to be relinquished and in pins enamelled insects are a delightful choice. Imitations of late seem divested in great measure of the contempt formerly cast upon them, if we may judge from their free presentation by leading stores which cater to high class purchasers. Here

BROOCHES

In gold or enamel are so pretty as to deceive all but experts and begin for less than a dollar; pins are in endless variety and the introduction of gun metal affords a genteel chain for a dollar. French gilt chains are shown and white metal comes as a substitute for silver. Imitation turquoises, which are in great favor, both for brooches and belt clasps, are placed at intervals on chains with daisy result and other precious stones and pearls as well as adroit manifestations of 19th century skill. Chains of such pearls come in long strands and collars are equally attractive. Belt clasps are extremely ornate and in large size and glittering in iridescent colors are worn by exclusive people. One would make a nice

CHRISTMAS PRESENT

And in view of a gift making time, these and other small articles named, are a good selection for people of moderate means. Toilet articles are in glass mounted in sterling silver and shown by department stores at very reasonable figures. Little salve boxes begin at less than a dollar and increase in price according to size, until powder boxes are reached; toilet bottles sometimes now come in colored glass and are purchased singly or perhaps in a pair, one white, the other in colors, since regularity on the bureau top is rather out of order. In any case an addition of choice perfume gives a finish and for such purpose, we must not overlook that sweetest and most popular of perfumes, Murray & Lanman's Florida Water. Indeed ladies could find no more acceptable gift for husband, brother or beau; gentlemen so enjoy its use after shaving. For

DOLLS

Mothers can accomplish much by purchasing Minerva doll heads, which combine the beauty of bisque with the durability of metal. Minervas are far superior to other so-called indestructible heads and can be safely given to any child, as the metal is covered by a pure wholesome paint, manufactured especially for the purpose. It contains no injurious ingredients, being applied by an elaborate process, so that it will not chip off like ordinary enamel. These heads can be easily attached with a few stitches through the sewing holes, to old or new bodies and come in so many sizes that a fit is always possible. Calendars are in extreme favor and run from 25 cents to \$8; quite a pretty one is obtainable for 75 cents. Their utility has brought them into much greater favor than Christmas cards, which, though attractive, were not practical.

PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES.

In red morocco are in very great demand and lead in this department, but dark morocco illuminated, has a showing and there are numerous displays of photograph frames in gilt. Sterling silver toilet books, shoe horns, indeed every button and desk article come either in silver mounted and in this list, brushes, whether for the hair or otherwise, are very noticeable. Soap racks are seen and double racks, one for sponge and a smaller one above for soap. Such articles are most desirable, because lasting an indefinite time, perpetual reminders and far preferable to china that may be broken.

"Eleanor." Evening hats are in tulle finished by gilt usually set in rows. A flower or two may be added and on this subject it is well to note the sudden rise of dahlias in favor. They are placed in elegant groupings and contrasting colors.

LUCY CARTER.

Twentieth Century Jubilee.

Wilkes Barre and other large towns in the state are making arrangements for a twentieth century jubilee which is to take place on New Year's eve. All the secret societies, firemen and other organizations are to take part in the celebration in honor of the new century. Will Bellefonte celebrate the incoming of the 20th century?

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. L. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gallstones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful stomach, liver and kidney remedy. Cures dyspepsia, loss of appetite. Try it. Only 50 cents. Guaranteed. For sale by F. Potts Green.

Speak kindly at all times if you would hear only pleasing echoes.

A Natural Result.

A dispatch from Manila states that 1,200 bolomen entered Wigan, or Vigan, on Friday afternoon and surrendered to Capt. Green, of the Thirty-third Infantry. This is said to be the largest number of insurgents who have thus far surrendered in Luzon at one time. There is some intimation that the surrender may have been in part due to a scarcity of food in the mountains where the bolomen have been operating, but this probably does not tell the whole story. By this time it is doubtless known in all the insurgent camps that the recent election in the United States resulted in the popular indorsement of the government in its efforts to put down the insurrection. The last hope of assistance from the flag tricolor in the United States therefore has been withdrawn from the insurgents. The latter also are aware that they must expect to cope with redoubled efforts on the part of the American forces in the Philippines during the campaigning season which has now opened.

It is not strange, therefore, to hear that the largest body of them that has as yet capitulated has just yielded. Its example is likely to be followed by many others now in arms. When the insurrection against Spain was at its height the announcement by a new prime minister that the measures for the suppression would be more vigorous than ever induced Aguinaldo and the other insurgent leaders to throw up their hands and agree to leave the country. The re-election of President McKinley and the announced and evident purpose of our government to prosecute more vigorously the work of pacification will probably have much the same effect upon the present insurgents as the action of Premier Sagasta did a few years ago upon the Filipino rebels against Spain.

Spine Broken by a Falling Tree.

A frightful accident occurred near Parvin, in Nittany valley, last Monday, as a result of which Herman Franzen is lying a helpless cripple at the home of Newton Bickel, to which he was carried.

Franzen had been employed as a farm hand by the Knecht Bros., and with two other men, started to the mountains that day to out some timber. The first tree felled was an oak. In falling it struck a smaller tree, causing it to bend and break, the top part rebounding and striking Franzen. The unfortunate man realized the danger he was in and tried to avoid it by running, but he tripped and fell, face downward, so that the tree struck him right across the back, injuring his spine so as to cause total paralysis.

He was carried to the home of Newton Bickel, where he lies perfectly helpless, though reports yesterday morning were to the effect that he showed signs of slight improvement.

Franzen is a young man of such character as to arouse the sincerest sympathy of the people in that vicinity.

Compiling Grange Statistics.

Representative W. F. Cressy and Hon. Leonard H. Rhone, of the Legislative Committee of the State Grange, are at work in Harrisburg compiling statistics to be presented to the State Grange at its session to be held at Lock Haven next Tuesday, on the subject of taxation. They will make a comparison of the real estate taxes as compared with taxes on other classes of property. Upon their report will depend to some extent the probable action of the Grange with respect to a new tax bill to be presented to the legislature.

It Cures All Creeds.

Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powders to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims. Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Rev. Dr. Chambers (Methodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking. 50 cents.—53. Sold by F. P. Green.

Centre Hall Hotel to be Sold.

J. W. Runkle, of Middleburg, will likely become the proprietor of the Centre Hall hotel. He and the present owner, Wm. H. Runkle, Jr., for the past few weeks have been getting nearer together on terms, and the likelihood is that they will finally make a deal.

Landlord Runkle Thursday went to Baltimore. His mission is to look for a suitable location for himself if he should sell the hotel property here.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Will Pipe Gas to Williamsport.

The Pine Creek Oil and Gas Company, which recently struck a big "gusher" at Cedar Run, is preparing to pipe natural gas to Williamsport. An ordinance has been presented to council asking for a franchise for the company to lay pipes and mains through the streets for the purpose of supplying natural gas for domestic and manufacturing purposes.

Unless you have faith in your ability you can never win a battle.

Men resemble needles; when they are broke women have no use for them.

The Heart Cry of the Motherless Maiden.

"Mother, come back from that echoless shore And take me again in your arms as of yore."

When the mother is taken from the home, the loss falls heavily on each member of the family. But in time kindly Nature heals the wounds, dulls the memory, and comforts the heart. The little girl turns anew to her dolls and her plays and her mother becomes a memory. The real loss that she has sustained comes to her much later in life, when "standing with reluctant feet where womanhood and girlhood meet," she feels the need of a mother's counsel.



She is perplexed about conditions of which she cannot speak to any other. She thinks of the family physician. But her delicate nature shrinks from the questions she might be called upon to answer. And so without counsel or help she drifts along while every day time tightens the fetters of disease.

Young women instinctively know that certain conditions are abnormal. They know that heads and backs were not made to ache. But they do not know where to turn for relief.

ANY MOTHER WOULD SAY

What almost every mother knows, that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best medicine for the cure of womanly ills. It not only cures headache and backache but it cures the womanly ills which cause these pains.

"I am so much better since I commenced taking your 'Favorite Prescription,'" writes Miss Jessie Simmons, of Thurston, Frederick Co., Md. "I am very much improved in health, and feel as though I had a new lease of life. It was just what I needed. Am more than thankful to you for the kindly interest you have taken, and hope that others will find the same benefit from your valuable books and medicines that I have." Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is not offered as a cure-all. It is a woman's medicine, and it accomplishes perfectly the cure of womanly diseases. It establishes regularity. It dries unhealthy and offensive drains. It heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It is a purely vegetable preparation, containing no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine nor any other narcotic, and cannot disagree with the most delicate constitution.

—The Bellefonte amateur operatic minstrels have selected New Year's night, Jan. 1st 1901, as the time for their next performance.

CASTORIA.
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In The Interest of Fish and Game.

A meeting was held at Harrisburg Wednesday in the interest of legislation for preventing the pollution of the streams and for the consideration of proposed measures for the protection of fish and game. It was attended by representatives of the Fish and Game Commissions of the State, the Forestry Commissioners, officers of the State Board of Health, and members of the State Sportsmen's Association and similar organizations all over the state.

Attempted Burglary.

On Wednesday night the inhabitants of Water street at Pine Grove Mills were thrown into excitement by an miscreant prowling around the residence of James Daddord. The intruder was discovered, however, before he gained an entrance to the house. Some of the neighbors were summoned and started in pursuit of the would-be burglar. Mr. Daddord is janitor of the Lutheran church and had a good sum of church money in his possession. The party was recognized by Mr. Daddord and will likely be brought to justice.

Superintendent Schaeffer Interprets the Law.

Superintendent of Public Instruction N. C. Schaeffer, citing as authority several court decisions, announces: First, that books cannot be changed while the schools are in session. Second, that it is not allowable to purchase books not legally adopted. Third, that books cannot be legally bought unless they have been legally adopted within the time set by law.

Young women especially do not realize how intimately the general health is related to the health of the delicate womanly organs. When the local diseases are cured by "Favorite Prescription" the general health at once improves. The appetite is restored, sleep is enjoyed, the form rounds out, the cheeks regain the hue of health. Miss Simmons says in the letter as a result of using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription she feels as though she had

"A NEW LEASE ON LIFE."
This is not only a feeling but a fact, as is shown by thousands of testimonials which say "Favorite Prescription" has made a new woman of me."

"I am still improving more and more every day. I am just as well now as I was when I came into the world," writes Mrs. P. A. Graham, of 617 Race Street, New Orleans, La. "I will put it at that, anyway, for I cannot remember ever seeing a well day since I became a woman (twenty-five years ago), until six months ago when I began the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' They are the best medicines on earth made for women and their complaints. No matter what the disease may be even if called incurable by the doctors. If any suffering woman will write Doctor Pierce he will write her a fatherly letter and give her good advice and if she will follow his instructions will find out in a very short time that she has been mistaken by putting her trust in home doctors. I had been sick for eight years until six months ago I commenced with Dr. R. V. Pierce's medicine and it brought me out to where I am now, from ninety pounds to one hundred and thirty-five. Any lady may write to me, enclosing stamps, and I will answer."

Women suffering from diseases of long standing are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free. All letters are read in private and answered in private, and the written confidences of women are guarded by the same strict professional privacy observed in personal consultations with Dr. Pierce, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute. Address correspondence to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

A great many women who have taken advantage of Dr. Pierce's offer of free consultation by letter, have expressed their gratification at being able to escape in this way the indicative questioning, the offensive examinations and obnoxious local treatments, considered necessary by some local practitioners. Dr. Pierce's wide experience and wonderful success in the treatment and cure of womanly diseases, enables him to obtain accurate knowledge of diseases by the written statement. In a little over thirty years, assisted by his staff of nearly a score of physicians, Dr. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has treated and cured hundreds of thousands of weak and sickly women.

The dealer who offers a substitute for "Favorite Prescription" as "just as good" does so to obtain the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious preparations. Accept no substitute for "Favorite Prescription," the medicine which makes weak women strong and sick women well.

WHAT MISS GREER THINKS.
"I think that your 'Adviser' is a fine book," writes Miss Flora I. Greer, of 107 Howe Street, Akron, Ohio, "and a book that everyone should own. If more girls would read it instead of trashy novels there would be healthier women and children than there are to-day."

The book referred to is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. It contains 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, and is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper-covered. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Diamond Ring in a Hog's Stomach.

A woman's gold ring set with a valuable diamond was found in the stomach of a hog which was slaughtered near Jersey Shore Monday. The hog was owned by Daniel Brown, who is unable to account for the presence of the ring within the hog, other than that the animal picked it up while roaming in a woods where scores of picnics were held during the past summer.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

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—Charles Waite, formerly of this place, but late of Pittsboro, is very ill at his home in that place. He is a brother of Darius Waite, of North Thomas street.



A Very Bad Combine

is that of

A Very Bad Sprain

and

A Very Black Bruise

It often happens, but just as often

St. Jacobs Oil

makes a clean, cure, prompt cure, cure.

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect May 28, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.
Leave Bellefonte 9:30 a. m. arrive at Tyrone 11:15 a. m. at Altoona 1 p. m. at Pittsburgh 3:50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:55 p. m. arrive at Tyrone 2:15 p. m. at Altoona 3:10 p. m. at Pittsburgh 6:55 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m. arrive at Tyrone 6:00 p. m. at Altoona 7:30 p. m. at Pittsburgh 11:30 p. m.

Via Tyrone—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9:30 a. m. arrive at Tyrone 11:15 a. m. at Harrisburg 2:40 p. m. at Philadelphia 8:47 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:55 p. m. arrive at Tyrone 2:15 p. m. at Harrisburg 6:45 p. m. at Philadelphia 10:20 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m. arrive at Tyrone 6:00 p. m. at Harrisburg 10 p. m.

Via Lock Haven—Northward.
Leave Bellefonte 9:30 a. m. arrive at Lock Haven 10:30 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:42 p. m. arrive at Lock Haven 2:45 p. m. at Williamsport 4:50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 8:31 p. m. arrive at Lock Haven 9:30 p. m.

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9:30 a. m. arrive at Lock Haven 10:30 a. m. leave Williamsport 12:40 p. m. arrive at Harrisburg 3:15 p. m. at Philadelphia 6:25 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:42 p. m. arrive at Lock Haven 2:45 p. m. arrive at Williamsport 3:50 p. m. leave Harrisburg 6:55 p. m. arrive at Philadelphia 10:20 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 8:31 p. m. arrive at Lock Haven 9:30 p. m. leave Williamsport 11:55 p. m. arrive at Philadelphia 10:20 p. m.

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte 9:30 a. m. arrive at Lewisburg 10:30 a. m. at Montandon 9:15 a. m. at Harrisburg 11:30 a. m. at Philadelphia 3:17 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 1:42 p. m. arrive at Lewisburg 2:45 p. m. at Montandon 3:50 p. m. at Harrisburg 6:55 p. m. at Philadelphia 10:20 p. m.

For full information time tables, maps, fares, etc., call on Ticket Agents, or address: Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent, Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., New York City.
J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager.

TYRONA AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect May 28, 1900.

NORTHWARD.				SOUTHWARD.			
EXPRESS.	DAY.	MAIL.	STATIONS.	EXPRESS.	DAY.	MAIL.	STATIONS.
7:20	8:20	8:20	Tyrone	8:51	9:20	9:20	FM
7:26	8:26	8:26	East Tyrone	8:57	9:26	9:26	FM
7:32	8:32	8:32	Tyrone	9:03	9:32	9:32	FM
7:38	8:38	8:38	Valley	9:09	9:38	9:38	FM
7:44	8:44	8:44	Vanhook	9:15	9:44	9:44	FM
7:50	8:50	8:50	Gardner	9:21	9:50	9:50	FM
7:56	8:56	8:56	Mt. Pleasant	9:27	9:56	9:56	FM
8:02	9:02	9:02	Summit	9:33	10:02	10:02	FM
8:08	9:08	9:08	Yanysburg	9:39	10:08	10:08	FM
8:14	9:14	9:14	Belmont	9:45	10:14	10:14	FM
8:20	9:20	9:20	Powellton	9:51	10:20	10:20	FM
8:26	9:26	9:26	Osceola	9:57	10:26	10:26	FM
8:32	9:32	9:32	Osceola	10:03	10:32	10:32	FM
8:38	9:38	9:38	Boysonton	10:09	10:38	10:38	FM
8:44	9:44	9:44	Stellers	10:15	10:44	10:44	FM
8:50	9:50	9:50	Phillipsburg	10:21	10:50	10:50	FM
8:56	9:56	9:56	Graham	10:27	10:56	10:56	FM
9:02	10:02	10:02	Blue Ball	10:33	11:02	11:02	FM
9:08	10:08	10:08	Walton	10:39	11:08	11:08	FM
9:14	10:14	10:14	Bigger	10:45	11:14	11:14	FM
9:20	10:20	10:20	Woodland	10:51	11:20	11:20	FM
9:26	10:26	10:26	Mineral Springs	10:57	11:26	11:26	FM
9:32	10:32	10:32	Harrodsburg	11:03	11:32	11:32	FM
9:38	10:38	10:38	Leonard	11:09	11:38	11:38	FM
9:44	10:44	10:44	Clearfield	11:15	11:44	11:44	FM
9:50	10:50	10:50	Riverside	11:21	11:50	11:50	FM
9:56	10:56	10:56	Bridge	11:27	11:56	11:56	FM
10:02	11:02	11:02	Curwensville	11:33	12:02	12:02	FM
10:08	11:08	11:08	Rustico	11:39	12:08	12:08	FM
10:14	11:14	11:14	Stronach	11:45	12:14	12:14	FM
10:20	11:20	11:20	Grampian	11:51	12:20	12:20	FM
10:26	11:26	11:26	FM	11:57	12:26	12:26	FM

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA
Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward.			
PM	PM	PM	PM	AM	AM	AM	AM
8:45	12:10	8:55	12:20	8:55	12:10	8:55	12:20
8:49	12:14	8:59	12:24	8:59	12:14	8:59	12:24
8:51	12:16	9:01	12:26	9:01	12:16	9:01	12:26
8:57	12:22	9:07	12:32	9:07	12:22	9:07	12:32
9:03	12:28	9:13	12:38	9:13	12:28	9:13	12:38
9:09	12:34	9:19	12:44	9:19	12:34	9:19	12:44
9:15	12:40	9:25	12:50	9:25	12:40	9:25	12:50
9:21	12:46	9:31	12:56	9:31	12:46	9:31	12:56
9:27	12:52	9:37	13:02	9:37	12:52	9:37	13:02
9:33	12:58	9:43	13:08	9:43	12:58	9:43	13:08
9:39	13:04	9:49	13:14	9:49	13:04	9:49	13:14
9:45	13:10	9:55	13:20	9:55	13:10	9:55	13:20
9:51	13:16	10:01	13:26	10:01	13:16	10:01	13:26
9:57	13:22	10:07	13:32	10:07	13:22	10:07	13:32
10:03	13:28	10:13	13:38	10:13	13:28	10:13	13:38
10:09	13:34	10:19	13:44	10:19	13:34	10:19	13:44
10:15	13:40	10:25	13:50	10:25	13:40	10:25	13:50
10:21	13:46	10:31	13:56	10:31	13:46	10:31	13:56
10:27	13:52	10:37	14:02	10:37	13:52	10:37	14:02
10:33	13:58	10:43	14:08	10:43	13:58	10:43	14:08
10:39	14:04	10:49	14:14	10:49	14:04	10:49	14:14
10:45	14:10	10:55	14:20	10:55	14:10	10:55	14:20
10:51	14:16	11:01	14:26	11:01	14:16	11:01	14:26
10:57	14:22	11:07	14:32	11:07	14:22	11:07	14:32
11:03	14:28	11:13	14:38	11:13	14:28	11:13	14:38
11:09	14:34	11:19	14:44	11:19	14:34	11:19	14:44
11:15	14:40	11:25	14:50	11:25	14:40	11:25	14:50
11:21	14:46	11:31	14:56	11:31	14:46	11:31	14:56
11:27	14:52	11:37	15:02	11:37	14:52	11:37	15:02
11:33	14:58	11:43	15:08	11:43	14:58	11:43	15:08
11:39	15:04	11:49	15:14	11:49	15:04	11:49	15:14
11:45	15:10	11:55	15:20	11:55	15:10	11:55	15:20
11:51	15:16	12:01	15:26	12:01	15:16	12:01	15:26
11:57	15:22	12:07	15:32	12:07	15:22	12:07	15:32
12:03	15:28	12:13	15:38	12:13	15:28	12:13	15:38
12:09	15:34	12:19	15:44	12:19	15:34	12:19	15:44
12:15	15:40	12:25	15:50	12:25	15:40	12:25	15:50
12:21	15:46	12:31	15:56	12:31	15:46	12:31	15:56
12:27	15:52	12:37	16:02	12:37	15:52	12:37	16:02
12:33	15:58	12:43	16:08	12:43	15:58	12:43	16:08
12:39	16:04	12:49	16:14	12:49	16:04	12:49	16:14
12:45	16:10	12:55	16:20	12:55	16:10	12:55	16:20
12:51	16:16	13:01	16:26	13:01	16:16	13:01	16:26
12:57	16:22	13:07	16:32	13:07	16:22	13:07	16:32
13:03	16:28	13:13	16:38	13:13	16:28	13:13	16:38
13:09	16:34	13:19	16:44	13:19	16:34	13:19	16:44
13:15	16:40	13:25	16:50	13:25	16:40	13:25	16:50
13:21	16:46	13:31	16:56	13:31	16:46	13:31	16:56
13:27	16:52	13:37	17:02	13:37	16:52	13:37	17:02
13:33	16:58	13:43	17:08	13:43	16:58	13:43	17:08
13:39	17:04	13:49	17:14	13:49	17:04	13:49	17:14
13:45	17:10	13:55	17:20	13:55	17:10	13:55	17:20
13:51	17:16	14:01	17:26	14:01	17:16	14:01	17:26
13:57	17:22	14:07	17:32	14:07	17:22	14:07	17:32
14:03	17:28	14:13	17:38	14:13	17:28	14:13	17:38
14:09	17:34	14:19	17:44	14:19	17:34	14:19	17:44
14:15	17:40	14:25	17:50	14:25	17:40	14:25	17:50
14:21	17:46	14:31	17:56	14:31	17:46	14:31	17:56
14:27	17:52	14:37	18:02	14:37	17:52	14:37	18:02
14:33	17:58	14:43	18:08	14:43	17:58	14:43	18:08
14:39	18:04	14:49	18:14	14:49	18:04	14:49	18:14
14:45	18:10	14:55	18:20	14:55	18:10	14:55	18:20
14:51	18:16	15:01	18:26	15:01	18:16	15:01	18:26
14:57	18:22	15:07	18:32	15:07	18:22	15:07	18:32
15:03	18:28	15:13	18:38	15:13	18:28	15:13	18:38
15:09	18:34	15:19	18:44	15:19	18:34	15:19	18:44
15:15	18:40	15:25	18:50	15:25	18:40	15:25	18:50
15:21	18:46	15:31	18:56	15:31	18:46	15:31	18:56
15:27	18:52	15:37	19:02	15:37	18:52	15:37	19:02
15:33	18:58	15:43	19:08	15:43	18:58	15:43	19:08
15:39	19:04	15:49	19:14	15:49	19:04	15:49	19:14
15:45	19:10	15:55	19:20	15:55	19:10	15:55	19:20
15:51	19:16	16:01	19:26	16:01	19:16	16:01	19:26
15:57	19:22	16:07	19:32	16:07	19:22	16:07	19:32
16:03	19:28	16:13	19:38	16:13	19:28	16:13	19:38
16:09	19:34	16:19	19:44	16:19	19:34	16:19	19:44
16:15	19:40	16:25	19:50	16:25	19:40	16:25	19:50
16:21	19:46	16:31	19:56	16:31	19:46	16:31	19:56
16:27	19:52	16:37	20:02	16:37	19:52	16:37	20:02
16:33	19:58	16:43	20:08	16:43	19:58	16:43	20:08
16:39	20:04	16:49	20:14	16:49	20:04	16:49	20:14
16:45	20:10	16:55	20:20	16:55	20:10	16:55	20:20
16:51	20:16	17:01	20:26	17:01	20:16	17:01	20:26
16:57	20:22	17:07	20:32	17:07	20:22	17:07	20:32
17:03	20:28	17:13	20:38	17:13	20:28	17:13	20:38
17:09	20:34	17:19	20:44	17:19	20:34	17:19	20:44
17:15	20:40	17:25	20:50	17:25	20:40	17:25	20:50
17:21	20:46	17:31	20:56	17:31	20:46	17:31	20:56
17:27	20:52	17:37	21:02	17:37	20:52	17:37	21:02
17:33	20:58	17:43	21:08	17:43	20:58	17:43	21:08
17:39	21:04	17:49	21:14	17:49	21:04	17:49	21:14
17:45	21:10	17:55	21:20	17:55	21:10	17:55	21:20
17:51	21:16	18:01	21:26	18:01	21:16	18:01	21:26
17:57	21:22	18:07	21:32	18:07	21:22	18:07	21:32
18:03	21:28	18:13	21:38	18:13	21:28	18:13	21:38
18:09	21:34	18:19	21:44	18:19	21:34	18:19	21:44
18:15	21:40	18:25	21:50	18:25	21:40	18:25	21:50

The Bellefonte Republican

The Best Advertising Medium in Central Pennsylvania.

A forty-eight column paper devoted to the interests of the Republican party. Published at Bellefonte, Pa., at \$1.00 per annum.

BY WILBUR F. HARRIS.

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Two inches.....	7	10	15
Three inches.....	10	15	20
Four inches.....	11	17	25
Five inches.....	12	20	30
Half column.....	25	35	50
One column.....	35	50	70

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

Just imagine Bryan trying to handle the Philippine and Chinese questions and the absurdity of his candidacy will be evident.

Boston has discovered that some of her alleged antiquities are bogus, but the list is not believed to include the famous baked beans nor the sacred codfish of that city.

It might be just as well for us to wait until Congress considers the matter before we make up our minds definitely as to just what articles are to be exempted from war taxation.

They do say that some disgruntled Democrats are now addressing Senator Jones, the Democratic National Chairman, as Senator Jonah. Which shows they haven't much sporting blood.

If the Sultan of Turkey wants to pay that indemnity by cruiser route and if the missionaries are willing to accept it that way, it is hard to see what the administration can do about it.

SENATOR WELLINGTON, of Maryland, says an exchange, seems to be like that famous lost dog—he has eaten up his tag and there is no telling to whom he belongs or where he is going.

DEMOCRATS say that they will not be reorganized. No doubt that is what the jackass rabbits would say if they were informed of the plans recently inaugurated to improve their breed.

MR. BRYAN realizes that his successful rival made no speeches and has ceased to talk. But it is too late, and anyhow, Bryan would never have been heard of if it had not been for his voice.

DER KAISER has given Oom Paul the frigid hand. Times have changed since the German War Lord sent the Boer chieftain a message of congratulation after the crushing of the Jameson raid.

PERHAPS the Duke of Manchester did marry for love. But he evidently had been studying the maxim that rich girls are just as lovable as poor ones and even more desirable to a bankrupt spendthrift.

ONE Philip has cornered corn and is having a merry time with Chicago brokers. After a time, something will drop and the brokers will have a merry time with Mr. Philips. It will be the same old story of Joseph Leiter and his wheat.

CHICAGO is claiming that she will be the centre of the United States some time in the future. In fact, as the present centre is only about a hundred miles off, some enthusiasts are already proposing to annex it and finish the matter right now.

THE Isthmian Canal Commission has reported in favor of the Nicaraguan route, although it states frankly that it will cost some fifty millions more. Unless the Democrats block the wheels, the chances are that this Congress will authorize the beginning of the work.

BE SURE YOU ARE RIGHT, THEN GO AHEAD.

"Nine-tenths of the young men who are struggling for a name and place in the world are unfitted for the callings they have picked out for themselves." This is the opinion of an eminent writer who presumably speaks advisedly upon the subject since thoroughness and exhaustive investigation characterizes previous products of his brilliant and versatile pen.

Nine-tenths seems an almost improbable percentage of young men who have misconceived their vocation in life and are following a mistaken profession or occupation. To believe that this is true is to believe that the young men of the country, with but a few exceptions comparative to the whole number, have been born into the world and thrust into the vortex of professional and commercial activities with not a faculty to inspire them in the selection of proper avocations.

If the writer is correct in his views then it is reasonable to predict that the highways of life will be littered with the wrecks of the nine of every ten young men whom he states are "unfitted for the callings they have picked out for themselves." True it is, that besides unlimited energy and a whole-heartedness in the work before him, the successful man must know his business from A to Z. To say, however, that nine-tenths of the young men of the present are those who have mis-called their vocation and are, therefore, unfamiliar with their chosen business requirements is to make a declaration that few will regard as reasonable or with any foundation for accuracy or sound judgment.

There are doubtless many who are directing their talents and ability in a mistaken career and who, if they do not, before too late, realize their error and follow their natural inclinations, will make a failure of life. The consciousness of incompetency should make any young man change his course and drive him to doing something that is worth his while. The active, energetic and conscientious young man will soon discover whether he is fitted for the work he has undertaken. The failure in life-work is not so much due to ill-advised choice of occupation as it is to lack of force and energy in one's calling.

The greatest drawback to success is idleness or indifferent application. Nothing worth-while is accomplished without work and plenty of it. There has not been and is not a successful career whose past has not been made up of years of concentrated energy and tireless industry. Idleness and lukewarm interest will make any man a failure. Intelligent application and constant zeal will always bring success.

It is within the scope of everyone to learn some one thing that will yield both pleasure and profit. The young man who is really in earnest will not have to be advised how to succeed. On the farm, in the workshop, in the counting-house and in the various professions the common rule applies to all. Success comes only to those who seek it. A young man may learn much by studying the failures as well as the successes of others. One thing he is sure to discover after a survey of the great army of the unsuccessful and that is that two causes have contributed largely—if not entirely—to their misfortunes—idleness and incompetency, the latter resulting not so much from an error in calling their mission in life as to their persistence in clinging to a work when their incompetency is clearly established. Be sure you are right and then go ahead is a good motto to live up to. Success and happiness follow in its wake.

THE British coal mines have become so deep that the cost of mining is so great that they cannot compete with American mines even when the cost of transportation is taken into account. The only remedy seems to be the invention and adoption of machinery that will enable coal to be mined at great depths as easily as nearer the surface. Here is an opportunity for inventive genius to make a ten

IS THE SOUTH BEGINNING TO THINK?

Hon. William R. Moore, of Memphis, Tenn., in an address which he has sent since election day to "Southern Youth," gives some advice preeminently suited to the time. Among other things he says:

"Your commendable love and loyalty to your ancestors have heretofore been strong enough to lead you away from the political leanings of your own enlightened better judgments. * * * Old things have passed away; behold all things have become new. * * * No intelligent and thoughtful young Southern man can have failed to notice that the political policies urged and persisted in by the now discarded leaders of the so called Democracy of the Southern States have been, ever since the great war, continuously, in their effects, obstructive and reactionary."

It may be that in this address we shall find a sign of the good time coming, when the South will not vote against its own interests, as it did on last election day, when it voted against the policy of Protection, which has brought such prosperity to the Southern States; when it will not have to be saved from itself as it now has to be; but when it will ally itself with the party which brings plenty and prosperity to South and North alike, and which is pledged to the protection of every American interest.

IN BRYAN'S STATE AND COUNTY.

The details of the vote in Nebraska, as reported in dispatches from Lincoln, present some interesting features. In one precinct in Antelope county, for instance, where in 1896 Bryan got 45 votes and McKinley got only 2, in 1900 McKinley got 40 votes and Bryan got none. It looks as though they must have been having some McKinley prosperity in that vicinity during the last four years.

In Bryan's home county the farming districts gave him in 1896 a majority of nearly 300, while this year McKinley carried them by a majority of 244. Perhaps some of those Nebraska mortgages which have been paid off since President McKinley's election in 1896 belonged up that way. And when it comes to a choice between voting for a "favorite son" or even for a neighbor and voting for one's own individual prosperity and for the prosperity of the whole country, the "favorite son" has to take second place. It is hard on Mr. Bryan, but a calamity candidate usually hasn't a very good time in this country, where the people have so often had an opportunity to see that it lies entirely with themselves whether they will have prosperity or not. The prosperity argument was, as Mr. Bryan has said, the most potent element in his defeat, and nowhere was it more potent than in Mr. Bryan's own State and County.

GIVE THEM A CHANCE.

One cannot think that the Germans are going the right way about the Chinese matter. When an Imperial army turns out after the Boxers the Germans almost invariably send out a force which kills Imperial troops and Boxers alike. Probably it is true that the Imperial troops were nearly as bad as the Boxers, but just the same they are the only hope of China for restoring order and it would seem just as well to let them try and do it. If events demonstrate that the Imperial troops are unable to cope with the Boxers, or that because of kindred sentiments their expeditions against them are productive of no effective results, then it would be proper and timely for Count Waldensee's mailed hand to be brought into action. Give the Chinaman a chance. Help him to help himself. But to kill off his imperial army is not the way to do it.

It is hard to understand just why some Republicans oppose the shipping bill. It has been a party plank for twenty-years and one would think the arguments for and against it had been pretty well worked out by this time. Still, there is no doubt that Republican opposition exists and it may be strong enough to prevent the passage of the bill at this session of Congress, though it will only do so after a desperate fight.

A QUESTION OF MARINE WAGES.

Those who are opposed to a ship subsidy bill will find profitable reading in a recent number of "Marine Engineering." In it is given a table compiled from reports submitted by American consuls in different countries and dealing with the question of the wages paid to sailors and to ship officers on ships of different nationalities. In a comparison which is made between the American Steamship Line and the Royal Mail, a British steamship line, both lines sailing from Southampton, it appears that the chief officer on an American liner receives \$120 per month, while on the British line the chief officer gets but \$87.50 per month. The American Line chief engineer receives \$150 per month; the British chief engineer, \$121.75 per month. The American Line firemen receive \$40 per month, the British firemen \$23 per month; the American Line able-bodied seamen are paid \$25 per month, the British able-bodied seamen get only \$19.50 per month. The same article gives the following in respect to the comparative wages paid on vessels touching at the Pacific port of Yokohama, the figures having been supplied by the United States consul at that port: Mates on American vessels, a maximum of \$90 per month; British, \$58.40; German, \$75; Japanese, \$35; American chief engineers, \$150 per month; German, \$100; Japanese, \$60.

In view of these figures is there any level-headed, patriotic American who can oppose a legislative enactment in aid of American shipping? Three courses are open to us. We can do nothing, and let an American merchant marine be a thing of dreams, and the great American nation continue to be dependent on foreign ships for its carrying trade and continue to pay out some \$200,000,000 every year to British ships for the transportation of our exports and imports; we can cut down the wages of American sailors and ship officers to the level of our foreign rivals; or we can pass a ship subsidy bill which will enable the owners of American ships to sail those ships in competition with the subsidized and low-wages paying ships of other nations, while, they, at the same time, pay American wages to the ship's crew and officers. There can be no doubt that it is the will of the American people that the last course be the one adopted, and that thus, while the American standard of wages is maintained, there shall be built up an American merchant marine second to that of no other country in the world.

MONEY IN KANSAS.

A new bank was opened a few days after election in the Kansas village of Burns. According to the newspapers, "farmers, stockmen and others hastened into town with money in tin cans, stockings, boxes and purses" to deposit their savings in the bank, and on the first day more than \$100,000 was deposited. There are several notable things about the facts thus reported. In the first place, they offer concrete evidence, in addition to what has already been received from other sources, of the fact that there was no bluff in the statement of capitalists that they must hold all plans for future enterprise in abeyance until after election and that their going into new or more extended enterprises would depend on the re-election of President McKinley. President McKinley was re-elected and the new bank opened. In the second place they show a little something of what the administration of President McKinley along the sound American lines of giving protection to American industries has done for the Kansas farmers, and offered a simple explanation of why Kansas has recovered from its Bryanite craze of four years ago and given its allegiance again to the party which upholds American labor and American industry, and secures an almost illimitable market for the products of the American farmer.

CROKER says that he was misrepresented during the recent campaign. True, Bryan called him a great and good man.

FOOTBALL CASUALTIES.

Football, the greatest game in the calendar of American athletic sports, has a strong and enthusiastic support in every city, town and hamlet in which the pigskin and the grid-iron are features in athletic pastime. At the same time there is a steadily increasing hostility to the game because of the danger it threatens to life and limb. With the close of each football year there arises a stronger feeling against the sport and yet so firm a hold has the grid-iron gladiatorial contests upon the public sporting temperament that the opposition to its privileges and license does not make any appreciable difference in its popularity.

There is no doubt but that if a casualty record, covering the season recently closed and embracing the "accidents" that occurred in every football eleven engaged in play, was tabulated and made public the array of injuries, slight, serious, temporary and permanent, would be appalling. Fortunately for the game, however, this information is carefully, and we may say prudently, concealed and the public, therefore, is spared the recital of a barrowing tale of carnage and mutilation. As a slight indication of what a complete casualty list would disclose we call attention to the "bloody" record of the teams of the Chicago and Northwestern Universities for their football season of this year, which is printed elsewhere in this issue. The injuries range, from ruptured blood vessels to broken bones and torn ligaments. The chapter of accidents reads like the report of a Reading Railroad disaster or a mine explosion, minus fatalities. That some of the victims will be crippled for life goes without saying.

The "accidents" in the teams of these two Chicago universities is likely to strengthen the opposition to the game of football as it is played today. That there should be further modification in the rules governing the game with a view to minimizing the hazards, too numerous in the present system, is unquestionably apparent. Wholly without danger the game would not meet the needs of the players and spectators perhaps. "The element of danger calls for manly courage." But the wholesale mutilation of two football elevens, illustrated by the article referred to as appearing in another column, is evidence that a less furious game might still have enough of danger in it to give sufficient exercise to manly and rational heroism. To quote an exchange editorial on the subject, "If more danger is wanted the regular army is a better place to seek it."

"NEWSPAPERS which are quoting the 'Saturday Review's' reference to the Honorable Chauncey M. Depew as 'a babbling raconteur' are not only unkind, but unjust," says the Pittsburg "Dispatch." "If Chauncey were nothing but a flesh-and-blood jest-book," continues the "Dispatch," "the New York Central crowd would not go to the expense of a Senatorial seat for him." Perhaps not, but a professional storyteller in the Senate, in these days of Senatorial degeneracy, may be as effective in the legislative concerns of a corporation as an able and distinguished statesman.

The country will be shocked at the picture of Michigan justice represented by Governor Pingree in issuing a pardon to the two "Generals" convicted of a deliberate and successful scheme to plunder the State. Governor Pingree bases his pardon on the ground that the civilian participants in the crime were not even prosecuted although the evidence was clearly against them.

THE General Assembly of Pennsylvania will meet in biennial session at the State capitol "barn" in Harrisburg on the first Tuesday of January, 1901, which will be New Year's day.

NEARLY all of the impecunious European nobles must have been married off by now, so that henceforth there will be some chance for American youths in the matrimonial field.

ALL ROADS LEAD TO U. S.

Certain British railways have explained that they placed their orders for materials and supplies in the United States because the same could be obtained here in half the time and at half the cost. The British may be patriotic, but they evidently consider that 100 per cent. advance is too heavy a price to pay for patriotism when it comes to supporting home industry against foreign competition. It is so the world over. The best and cheapest markets will receive the world's trade and the United States is in the front rank of the world's business and commercial forces and under a Republican system of government, in which protection and progress are salient factors, it will retain its position and continue to expand in its now role of master market of the world.

THE END WILL JUSTIFY THE MEANS.

No one contends that the Philippines can be governed on just the same basis that the United States can. They cannot be and what is done there should be no criterion of what is done here. It may be necessary, perchance, to coin unlimited silver there, while few indeed still recommend anything of the kind for this country.

The administration will undoubtedly use its best efforts to establish a stable government in our new island possessions and as nearly in accord with the principles governing our own country as conditions will warrant. We venture the prophecy that ere the close of President McKinley's second term the people of the United States and those of other countries will applaud the success of his Philippine policy.

CONTRACTS for equipping Uncle Sam's "gentlemen in khaki" were let at the army building in New York a few days ago. The J. Spence Turney Company and Boessneck, Brosel & Co. received orders for an aggregate of 1,000,000 yards of khaki. It truly takes khaki and costs money to keep our warriors bold well clothed.

CONGRESSIONAL JESTERS.

Congress always has its funny man. Sometimes there are two or three who can lay claim to being the premier wits of the House. The funny man of the present Congress is Private John Allen of Tupelo, Miss. He has held the distinction against all comers for the past ten or twelve years. Before him was S. S. Cox, of New York, Sunset Cox as he was commonly called. His heart is said to have broken because the House would not take him seriously long enough to elect him speaker. Private Allen has also been handicapped by his reputation as a humorist. He is regarded as the ablest man in Mississippi, and the best known, and yet he has never been able to secure an election to the United States Senate, his highest ambition. This is Allen's last Congress, and so his place will be vacant soon. Hon. Champ Clark, of Missouri, is said to be his likely successor as the funny man of Congress. Mr. Clark has been secured by Supt. Granley to deliver a lecture before the Centre county Teachers Institute next Wednesday night, Dec. 19th. He is one of the best platform orators in the country.

BAD ACT AND WORSE REASON.

Governor Pingree's pardon of the subordinate state officers under his administration, who were convicted of a conspiracy to defraud the state by the sale of military clothing, is perhaps one of the most unique excuses ever presented for letting public dishonesty go unpunished.

The governor of Michigan complains that seven members of a trading corporation, through their agent, tempted the two state officers to sell them the state's property at a song and buy it again at high figures. Because the prosecuting attorney made no effort to secure the punishment of the rascals, who had no public trust to betray, therefore the governor thinks it unjust to punish those who betrayed their public trust, and pardons the convicted state officials.

This reasoning on the part of the executive of a state that because certain dishonest persons escape, therefore those who are convicted must go free, beggars comment. It permits only the inference that Pingree has reached the last stage of factional partisanship.

—Manila has about 165,000 inhabitants. There is a smaller number of saloons here in proportion to the population than any city of similar size in the United States.

—It is said that the Czar has declined to accede to President Kruger's request for Russian intervention. The Boer President has practically played his last card and looted.

Sound Kidneys Insure Good Health.



Mr. John H. Corlies, Secretary of the Council Bluffs, Ia., Athletic Association, was cured of kidney trouble by Peruna. He says:

"I am a firm believer in Peruna. For three years I suffered with severe trouble of the kidneys and other pelvic organs, trying several remedies without relief. I used Peruna faithfully for fourteen weeks and am glad to say it relieved me entirely of all pains."

"I am in excellent health, have gained twelve pounds in weight, and never felt better in my life."

Hon. D. L. Jaycox, Chaplain of the Grand Army of the Republic, writes from 865 Broadway, Oakland, Cal.:

"I am an old war veteran. I contracted severe bladder and kidney trouble, spent hundreds of dollars and consulted a host of doctors, but neither did me any good."

"Finally some of my comrades who had been cured by Peruna, advised me to try it. I at once bought a bottle and found it helped me so much that I kept on using it for nearly four months."

"Peruna has proven the best medicine I ever used, my pains are gone, and I believe myself to be cured. I feel well and would not be without a bottle in time of need for ten times its cost."

Mrs. Mary Lawler, of Appleton, Wis., was cured of kidney trouble by Peruna. In a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, she says: "Last August I caught a summer cold which settled in the kidneys and caused me serious inconvenience. Nothing I did seemed to help me and the doctor advised a change of climate. As that was out of the question for me, I tried Peruna as a last resort, and I found it was a God-send to me."

The kidneys are the natural gateway out of which much of the waste tissue finds its escape. This waste matter becomes a very poisonous substance if allowed to accumulate. The renal artery brings the blood charged with impurities to the kidneys.

If the kidneys are healthy they will excrete the poison from the blood. The renal veins return the purified blood from the kidneys to the general circulation.

Peruna stimulates the kidneys to excrete from the blood the accumulating poison, and thus prevents the convulsions which are sure to follow if the poisons are allowed to remain. It gives great vigor to the heart's action and digestive system, both of which are apt to fail rapidly in this disease.

Kidney diseases are more liable in summer than in winter. Send for a copy of "Summer Catarrh," written by Dr. Hartman. This book will be sent free to any address upon application.

His Reason for Change.

The Punksutawney "Spirit" tells the following story of the Hon. George A. Jenks, leader of the Jefferson county bar, Solicitor General of the United States during Cleveland's first administration and Democratic candidate for Governor in 1898: Mr. Jenks was attorney for the defense in a big land suit. One of the important witnesses was a civil engineer, and his testimony was strongly in favor of the plaintiff. Mr. Jenks was giving him a vigorous cross-examination, as he felt the necessity of discrediting him in the eyes of the jury.

"How long have you been a civil engineer?" asked Mr. Jenks.

"About eight years."

"What were you before that?"

"A dentist."

"How did it happen, Mr. Blank, that you quit the comparatively easy and lucrative profession of dentistry to become a land surveyor?"

"For the same reason, I presume, that you quit the carpenter's trade to become a lawyer. I realized that I was a mighty poor workman."

"That will do," said Mr. Jenks.

Table Talk.

The December issue of Table Talk opens with a pleasant bit of poetry entitled "The Turkey's Jubilee" and is followed by a number of well written articles, among them of special excellence we mention, "The Cooking of the 'May Flower' Women," "A Borrowed Christmas," "Cheerfulness at the Table," "The Making of Men," "A Dainty Christmas of Yule Olden Days," "Christmas Facts and Fancies of many Countries," "The Children's Christmas" and "Gifts of the World." Illustrated Cookery is an attractive feature of Table Talk and several timely and tempting looking dishes enrich the pages of this month. Table Talk both teaches and illustrates the art of good cooking and of wise and economical living. It is a valuable assistant to housekeepers. Our readers can obtain a free sample copy by addressing The Table Talk Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

MOST BEYOND BELIEF.

If It Were not for Bellefonte Indorsement People Might be Skeptical.

Bellefonte people want local proof. That's what we have here, It's not beyond belief because it can be proved.

Read a local citizen's testimony.

G. H. Bradt of 121 Pennstreet, gardeners says: "I had a lame back and pains over my kidneys. I was at times so lame it was most painful to straighten up after sitting or stooping and any lifting or turning suddenly hurt me exceedingly. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills, saw some Bellefonte people who had been cured by using them and I procured a box from F. Potts Green's drug store. They removed the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

HANNA DECLARES QUAY CAN'T WIN.

The National Chairman Says He Does Not Believe His Success at All Possible.

TRYING TO WIN THE HOUSE

Ex-Senator Andrews Managing Quay's Campaign and His Campaign Fund—But Both House and Senate Will Go Against the Head of the Machine Without a Doubt.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Harrisburg, Dec. 11.—The political quiet of the past week, which will continue until about Christmas, is the calm before the storm. The whole state, together with the three political parties, are apparently at rest, gathering themselves together for a spring, so it would seem.

But this is only on the surface. The fact is that the Quay people are quietly moving Heaven and earth to purchase enough votes to give Quay a majority in the caucus. Thus far they have met with complete failure. To add to their discomfiture, some of the men who were elected as openly avowed Quay men have refused to sign an agreement to enter the caucus and subsequently vote for Quay.

WON'T SIGN FOR QUAY.

It is an open secret that three members of the machine delegation in Philadelphia have refused to sign this Quay pledge, while there are six more in the state in the same position. These cases are known to the anti-Quay people. In some of the instances the members have reported it themselves. It is not because these members-elect are not Quay men, and would not vote for Quay at a word, if they thought he could win. But it is a self evident fact that M. S. Quay cannot win, and they do not propose to tie themselves up to a lost cause.

There are three Quay men from three northern tier counties who have served notice on the machine leaders that unless these leaders can show them indisputable proof that they have enough members to elect Quay they will not consider either the caucus proposition or Quay's candidacy.

As stated in my letter of last week, ex-Senator Andrews, of Crawford county, has taken charge of Quay's campaign. Three days of each week he is domiciled at the Hotel Walton in Philadelphia, where he meets the members from all parts of the state, to whom he sends transportation and a request to call on him. It is very generally understood that ex-Senator Andrews has at his disposal a very large contingent fund, and that it will be used if the opportunity offers.

The anti-Quay Republicans will organize the house, with twenty odd votes to spare. The Quay machine has already lost the senate. It will be organized in default of all that the machine can do, and the patronage that the leaders are depending upon to help them in their contest will be lost to them. These statements are not idle claims, but are based upon facts in the possession of the anti-Quay organization, and the truth of which will be amply demonstrated at the opening of the legislature.

Ex-Senator Quay himself is decidedly uneasy, and shows it by the repeated conferences that he has been having with Senator Andrews and the machine leaders. Within the past ten days Senator Quay has visited Philadelphia three times, each time spending hours in close conference with the men who are managing his campaign.

HANNA AGAINST QUAY.

Mr. Quay has another good reason for worriment over the situation in view of the interview with National Chairman Hanna in Washington last week. In this interview Senator Hanna stated that all indications pointed to the fact that Mr. Quay would not return to Washington as a senator. Coming from such a source this is significant. If it means anything it means that the administration at Washington regards Mr. Quay as a back number, who is to be treated as such.

Senator Hanna would not speak disparagingly of Senator Quay's chances of returning to the senate if there was the slightest chance of his ever returning to his old seat. But as the national chairman, it is Senator Hanna's business to keep thoroughly posted on all conditions, and when he expresses the opinion that Quay will not go back to the senate he is convinced by facts and figures that such return is impossible.

The Quay-Ashbridge machine in Philadelphia, finding that it could not convince any sane politician that Quay would be elected, has been working the scheme which was referred to in these letters several weeks ago, viz: that of asking the anti-Quay members to join the Quayites in organizing the house on a Republican basis. This is equivalent to requesting the lamb to lie with the jackal, but inside the latter.

No anti-Quay member-elect has been fooled by this dodge. The anti-machine members of the legislature, irrespective of party, will organize the house and senate against the Quay machine. The secret of the machine's hold heretofore has been its patronage. This will be taken from the machine, and shorn of its power it will have nothing to trade upon, and must necessarily fall to pieces.

The Republican voters of Pennsylvania should take a good, long look at the Quay machine and its operations for the next 30 days, for after that it will see this machine no more.

It takes money to build warships, as well as to make the mare go. Contracts involving an expenditure of \$50,000,000 have just been given out by the Navy Department, for eleven fighting vessels.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Dec. 11th, 1900.

The House set a rapid pace during the first week of the session and it has started the second week with the evident intention of keeping it up. The army reorganization was passed by the House substantially as reported, except the amendment prohibiting the sale of intoxicants at army posts and is now in the hands of the Senate Military Committee, which promises to push it along. The Grout Oleomargarine bill was passed by a vote of 195 to 92. The programme for this week includes the passage of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, which was taken up today, and the Revenue Reduction bill. While the Senate has not accomplished as much in the way of actual legislation as the House, it has by no means been idle, although it followed its usual custom of adjourning from Thursday until Monday. It made the Ship Subsidy bill the regular business, which operated to prevent the taking up of the Nicaragua Canal bill today, as provided for by a resolution adopted at the last session, but what will not result in delaying action on the Canal bill, which would, in any event have had to wait for the disposition of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The Democrats have so far shown no disposition to retard legislation.

That there is to be no delay by the Senate in disposing of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, which many friends of the Nicaragua Canal Bill wish to see ratified before that measure is taken up by the Senate, was shown by the ease with which unanimous consent was secured to vote on the Davis amendment to the treaty on Thursday of this week. This amendment, written by the late Senator Davis, merely declares that nothing in the treaty shall apply to anything this government may see fit to do to protect its interests or to maintain order, is certain to be adopted, and it is believed that the ratification of the amended treaty will speedily follow.

Secretary Long was right in declaring the opening of bids for the construction of six armored cruisers and five battleships, at the Navy Department, the greatest industrial event that this or any other country, had ever seen, involving as it will, the expenditure of a sum aggregating in round figures \$50,000,000. It spoke volumes for the industrial progress of this country, and especially the progress of ship building, that there should have been quite a number of bidders for these contracts. In no country outside of Great Britain are there as many establishments equipped for the construction of these big fighting vessels. Most of the bids were well within the amount appropriated by Congress for the ships.

The bill providing for the appointment and retirement of Representative Boutelle, of Me., as a Captain in the Navy, has been favorably reported to the House. Mr. Boutelle has, in consequence of continued ill-health, resigned the chairmanship of the House Committee on Naval Affairs, and Representative Foss, of Ill., who has been acting chairman, has been unanimously elected chairman by the committee. In case of the death of a Chairman of the Committee, the Speaker has authority to appoint his successor, but when a Chairman resigns, a committee fills the vacancy.

Chairman Payne presented the report of the Ways and Means Committee on the revenue reduction bill, now before the House which cuts off about \$40,000,000 a year of the taxes imposed at the opening of the war with Spain. The report says: "In making the reduction, the Committee have sought to remove the more annoying taxes, by the entire abolition of those which were most vexatious, and by a reduction of those which seemed to have proved a great burden upon the several branches of trade to which they are applied."

Of the net reduction of 25 cents a barrel on the beer tax, the report says: "The Committee recognize that the manufacturers of beer have some claim in the general reduction of the war revenue, and they believe that the bill gives them all the relief to which they are entitled." It adds of the reduction of sixty cents a thousand on cigars: "It has been impossible to distribute any of this sixty cents in making a price to the consumer, and the factories have had to bear the entire tax of over three million dollars last year." The bill will be promptly passed by the House this week.

Representative Taylor, of Ohio, who led the fight on Roberts, has introduced in the House a measure for a constitutional amendment prohibiting polygamy and providing for a uniform system of Federal marriage and divorce laws. This matter is being actively agitated in Washington. Sunday, a public anti-polygamy meeting was held under the auspices of the Woman's Interdenominational Union, for the purpose of working up sentiment in favor of the proposed constitutional amendment. Among the speakers were Dr. Josiah Strong, President of the League for social service, of New York, and Dr. Sarah J. Elliott, of Utah.

The fact that ex-Congressman Towne should have been willing to accept the appointment as Senator to succeed the late Senator Davis, whose successor will be elected by the Minnesota legislature in January, indicates that he was waiting for any old thing that might come along. He arrived in Washington today.

The proposition for the construction of a floating machine shop for the use of the squadrons in various parts of the world is receiving earnest attention.

A Champion of the Worm.

(From the Youths' Companion.)

The recent session of the British Parliament furnished an amusing illustration of the occasional power of satire to bring about results which sober argument has failed to accomplish.

A bill designed to prevent cruelty to wild animals in captivity had been presented, and was opposed by a number of members on the ground that if passed it would endanger certain kinds of legitimate sport.

The Earl of Kimberley arose and gravely admitted the force of this argument.

"Undoubtedly," he said, "the bill would put an end to fishing with worms as bait. It is a bill," he continued, "to prevent cruelty to wild animals in captivity; the schedule says the word 'animal' shall be held to include reptile; a worm may be held to be a reptile; a worm impaled on a hook must certainly be held to be in captivity; therefore the angler who uses a live worm for bait would be guilty of cruelty to an animal in captivity."

The laugh which this argument raised at the expense of the solicitous sportsmen robbed the opposition of whatever force it had, and carried the bill to a successful issue.

Wife Awarded \$3,000—Husband Not Satisfied.

New York, Dec. 12.—The jury in the supreme court at White Plains gave its verdict in the Acton damage suit against the New York Central and Hudson railroad for injuries received in the wreck of the Montreal express near Garrison's in Oct. 1897. The verdict awards Mrs. Mary Acton \$3,000, while her husband, Joseph E. Acton, is non-suited. The Actons, who were on their wedding trip, were riding on a pass. The verdict gives Mrs. Acton damages and Mr. Acton none because he alone signed the pass.

A motion for a new trial was made by counsel for the railroad on the ground that the verdict was excessive and against the code. Judge Keogh will give his decision on this motion Friday.

Plenty of Water.

The officials of the New York Central railroads, who recently protested against Lock Haven using so much McElhattan water as to cause a shortage in the supply for the boilers of the company's locomotives, have discovered that the trouble rested wholly with themselves. After an inspection it was found that the feed pipe was out of place, and that while thousands of gallons of water was running down the stream, but very little entered the pipe.

Encouraging to Peanut Venders.

Here is one for our peanut venders: The government experts find that a quart of peanuts contains as much muscular raising stuff as a pound of rump steak, though costing only one-third the price. The peanut is the cheapest of all foods relatively to the amount of nutriment it contains, having 40 per cent. of fat and 20 per cent. of "protein."

—Says the Philadelphia "Ledger"

"The actual wealth of the country comes from its soil, either on or under the surface. It is gratifying, therefore, to note that the mineral products of this country, during the last calendar year, increased \$278,188,226, or 40 per cent. over all the production of 1898. The total value of all the minerals produced was \$876,008,946. The average yearly production from 1890 to 1898, inclusive, was \$618,288,510. This is a great country."

The Episcopalians of Bellefonte are about to make some improvements to their pretty church building at the corner of Allegheny and Lamb streets. It is an indication of genuine prosperity when so many congregations are improving their church properties.

The new Methodist church at Wallaceton, a very pretty little edifice, will be dedicated on Sunday, Dec. 23d. Presiding Elder Bell will preach in the morning, Rev. T. L. Tomkinson in the afternoon and Rev. B. B. Hamlin, D. D., at night.

RAILROAD RUMOR DENIED.

Says the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh Will not go With Beech Creek.

The latest dash of interest in the recently reported project of the Beech Creek and Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh railroads becoming links in a through line from Williamsport, is a denial from President Arthur G. Yates, of the last named road. In reply to a query concerning the matter, Mr. Yates said: "There have been no negotiations whatever by the parties mentioned in your letter with reference to the matter indicated, and there are no negotiations going on looking toward any change in present conditions."

In connection with President Yates' denial the Pittsburgh Commercial Gazette Tuesday, says: "The last report bearing on the future of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh probably arose from the growing traffic relations of the Carnegie interests and the new outlet for the Pittsburgh products. The Bessemer road, controlled by the Carnegie interests, and the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh have a connecting link at Butler to facilitate interchange of traffic."

"It is also possible that the report was simply a contorted repetition of the proposition of the Carnegie interests to leave the Bessemer road. At any rate, Mr. Yates' statement effectively disposes of the report and also of others in relation to his property, which has grown amazingly as a revenue earner since it secured its entrance here."

"The report that the Vanderbilt, of New York Central interests were to leave the B. R. & P., to run in connection with the Beech Creek, has been persistently repeated. The fact of the matter is, that more than a year ago such a proposition was up, but it has been declared off long since, although reports of it have been received from time to time. Still another report has been that the Baltimore & Ohio was to merge the Rochester road with its system. All these rumors are put to rest in the general denial of Mr. Yates."

An Irishman who was traveling through London met two Englishmen, who thought they would play a joke on him. One of them said, "Good morning, Pat! Did you hear the devil is dead?" The Irishman put his hand in his pocket and gave each a copper. They asked what this was for to which he replied: "It's always a custom in old Ireland, when the father is dead to give something to the poor orphans!"

For carnations, roses, violets, Roman hyacinths, narcissus and Xmas greens, go to Margaret Teats, agent for Daniel E. Gorman florist, Williamsport.

Dr. N. C. Schaeffer, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, in his annual report says that during the year ending the first Monday of June 1900, the number of teachers employed was 29,390 and the enrollment of pupils 1,151,880.

New York city owes more by \$60,000,000 than all the forty-five States in the Union together. Truly Tammany is great and Croker is its "profiteer."

Examinations are taking place in the public schools this week, preparatory to closing for the Christmas holidays on Friday, which will last two weeks.

WANTED—One young man from Centre County, to prepare for the coming RAILWAY MAIL SERVICE Examination. We furnish everything, including BOOKS and MAPS. Address, enclosing stamp, Inter-State Correspondence Institute, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. oct-44

Administrator's Notice.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Anna J. Peters, late of Howard township, Centre county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present the same, without delay, duly authenticated, for settlement to:

JOSEPH H. PLETCHER, Adm. REEDER & QUIGLEY, Attorneys. Blanchard, Pa.

Reduction Extraordinary:

20 per cent. off on all Clothing!

Holiday Goods are Here.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

HANDSOME COUCH FREE!

DO NOT SEND US ONE CENT.

Here is an honest offer. You can get this magnificent Upholstered Couch and one half dozen Sterling Silver Plated Tea Spoons FREE. There is no chance or deception. We speak the truth and nothing but the truth. We are determined to introduce "QUICKMAID" Remnet Tablets for making delicious desserts, into every household, and every person who will sell only twelve packages, will receive our generous offer of this handsome Upholstered Couch, with one half dozen Sterling Silver Plated Tea or Dessert Spoons which we give absolutely free for selling only twelve packages at no cents a package. If you agree to sell the Tablets write to-day and we will send them by mail. When sold you send us the \$1.20 and we guarantee to send your premium the same day, all expenses prepaid, absolutely Free. If you wish us to send the premium at once with the 12 packages of Remnet Tablets remit \$1.20 with the order and premium will be sent immediately. We are an old, reliable concern, with a reputation for square and honest dealing, and we guarantee to do exactly as we say. The Silverware is guaranteed silver-plated on pure metal. The Couches are full size, over 6 feet long and over 2 feet wide. They are well stuffed, beautifully upholstered with handsomely colored velvet, and when shipped are sent from the factory by freight direct to your address. FRANKLIN CHEMICAL CO., 830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FELL THIRTY-FIVE FEET.

Clyde Smith, While Working on a Telephone Pole, Meets With a Serious Accident.

Clyde Smith, a linesman employed by the Central Commercial Telephone Company, met with a serious accident Friday afternoon while at work stringing wires at State College. It was about 5 o'clock and Smith was working on a cross arm of a pole, when suddenly it broke and the unfortunate man fell to the ground, a distance of about thirty-five feet.

He was at once placed on board the Bellefonte Central train and brought to this place where he was taken to the home of his brother, Witmer Smith, on East Bishop street. Dr. George Klump was called in to attend him and an examination showed that his jaw was broken and his hip, back and head badly injured. While his condition is a very serious one yet it is believed he will recover.

Smith is a single man and about 28 years of age. He has been in the employ of the Telephone company for some time and is considered one of their best men.

A Child Narrowly Escapes Drowning.

Thursday afternoon about half past four Maurie Jackson and two lady friends were driving along the pike at Axe Mann when they saw something come over the falls of the old axe works dam that looked like a log. On closer inspection they were horrified to see the body of a child bobbing up and down in the water below the falls. Maurie at once gave the alarm and Ned Rote, a young man residing at Axe Mann, jumped into the creek and brought the body to the bank. Every means known for resuscitating drowning persons was resorted to and the workers were finally rewarded by seeing the child revive. This morning it is reported to be all right.

The child was Ray White, the four year old son of Ellis White of Axe Mann. No one saw it fall into the water but it is supposed the accident happened while the child was crossing a foot bridge at the upper end of the dam. Mr. White was working on the other side of the creek and it is thought the little one was trying to go to its father. If the child fell in the water at this point, it floated a distance of 250 feet to where it was rescued from the creek by Rote.

More Improvements.

It was the intention of the Methodist congregation of Bellefonte to re-dedicate their new church about the first Sunday in February, but the indications point to the fact that the event will not take place until the first Sunday in April. The cause of this change is that within the last few days it was decided to make more extended improvements, costing from \$1,000 to \$1,200 additional. The entire stairway leading from the first floor to the auditorium will be torn out and placed on the opposite side from where it is now. The entrance to the church proper will be on the same plan as the entrance to the court room. The handsome panel work will be extended from the upper floor down to the front door. Instead of the two doors which lead into the lecture room one large door will take their place in the center of the wall. The pulpit which is now at the end will be placed at the south side of the room, thus changing its appearance entirely.

All on Account of a Cigar.

Squire John Keichine was treated to quite a fire scare Saturday morning about 11 o'clock while sitting in his office. Suddenly he noticed smoke coming up from the rear of a steam heat radiator and for a short time excitement reigned supreme. It was at first thought the fire was in the cellar but on going to the basement no fire was found. The neighbors came running in and a few buckets of water thrown behind the radiator settled the fire. Then Deputy Sheriff Harry Jackson took a stick and poked under the radiator and hauled forth a measly little cigar that had caused all the trouble. Then Squire Keichine recollected that Chief of Police Henry Montgomery had been in the office a few minutes before smoking a cigar and had laid it down on that very radiator. That settled the matter and the business world resumed its usual routine which had been so rudely interrupted by this mischievous cigar.

About 3 o'clock Thursday afternoon James M. Austin in some mysterious way fell from a trestle, a distance of eighteen or twenty feet, to the ground below, alighting on his head, at the Nagley limestone quarries of A. G. Morris, about two miles out a branch railroad from Milroy. The ground where he fell was strewn with stones and wooden blocks, and it is thought Mr. Austin's shoulder struck one of the blocks, which checked the force of the fall, and probably saved his life. He was picked up in an unconscious condition. Mr. Morris happened to be present, and he at once had the injured man conveyed to Milroy on a car, where he is now resting comfortably at a hotel, having regained full consciousness. No bones are broken but he is badly stowed, and will not be able to return to work for some time. Mr. Austin is employed as engineer and draftsman at the Nagley quarries.

Many a man imagine that every married woman he meets would have preferred him to the man she married if they had only met sooner.

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
All druggists.

Progressive Boatsburg.

Wm. Brouse broke ground last week for a new dwelling in Boalsburg, having purchased a lot from the Kaups. Mr. Brouse is employed with the Linden Hall lumber company, who furnish employment for a number of men living at that town.

Another young man who expects to erect a dwelling in the same place is Ira Riebel, a woodworker in the carriage and wagon shops of John M. Wieland. And still another is Samuel Wagner, son-in-law of Cyrus Duret, of Altoona. Mr. Wagner has been employed in the repair shops of the Penna. railroad company for some time, but it is stated he will erect for himself a dwelling and make Boalsburg his home.

A new business place to be opened between this and spring in Boalsburg is an implement store of which Oscar Stover will be proprietor. Mr. Stover for some years has handled a large amount of farm machinery of all descriptions. His business in this line has become of such dimensions that he has concluded to open a permanent place of business, but he has not yet definitely decided whether he will build a store room or lease.

The public schools of Boalsburg are in excellent condition. The corps of instructors, unequalled in the past, is comprised of Prof. J. C. Bryson, principal, R. B. Harrison and Miss Gertrude Wieland. Besides the selection of able teachers, the school board takes a common sense view of educational matters and school regulations, which enables pupils from all parts of Harris township to attend the high school and receive the benefits of the higher branches taught there.

A Useful Safe Cracker.

"Dick" Murphy, a prisoner in the penitentiary, whose skill in opening other people's safes sent him to the prison for 15 years, saved the wife of the late Frederick J. Picard, of Columbus, from losing \$30,000 insurance which her husband carried on his life.

The combination of the safe in Mr. Picard's office was known to no one but himself, and he died suddenly without revealing it. His policies had been carried for him by the local agents for the companies in which he was insured for several months, and it was necessary that they should be secured and paid up in full to save them from being invalidated, which it was feared the companies would try to do, when they learned the facts in the case.

There were no experts available and as a last resource the warden of the penitentiary was prevailed upon to permit Murphy to blow the safe. He wanted to perform the task with the use of electricity, the modern method, but none was to be had, and he went at it in the old way, with drill and hammers.

In 12 minutes, however, the doors stood open, the attorneys for Mrs. Picard had the policies, one of which for \$10,000, would have lapsed that day, and Mrs. Picard was saved the entire amount of the insurance. Otherwise she would have been practically destitute.

Ten Staunch Republicans.

Jesse Woodring, of Port Matilda, one of the "dyed-in-the-wool" Republicans of this county, with his family of nine stalwart sons, all voted straight for McKinley and Roosevelt and helped to roll up the county's handsome majority for these sound money candidates. The fact having come to the knowledge of President McKinley, he addressed the following highly complimentary letter to Mr. Woodring. The signature is the president's own "hand write" and the letter will be numbered among the treasures of Mr. Woodring and his family:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON,
November 16, 1900.

MY DEAR SIR:
It has afforded me much gratification to learn of the interest you and yours have taken in the campaign just closed, and of your faith in the principles advocated by the Republican party.

Please accept the assurance of my kind regards, and believe me,

Sincerely yours,
WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

MR. JESSE WOODRING, Port Matilda, Pa.

Bellefonte's Population 4,216.

For some time past inquiries have been coming into this office in regard to the population of Bellefonte at the recent census. A report sent out from Washington yesterday in regard to towns in Pennsylvania gives the population of Bellefonte as shown by the census taken last June as 4,216.

The census of 1890 gave Bellefonte a population of 3,946 thus it will be seen that our town has gained 270 in the last ten years.

The population of other towns in this vicinity are as follows: Look Haven 7,210; Tyrone, 5,847; Lewisburg, 3,457; Clearfield, 3,897; Philipsburg, 3,206.

Want the Law Changed.

The sportsmen of Chester county want the game law changed so that the opening of the rabbit season will occur later than November 1. A meeting will be held this week for the purpose of drafting a measure for presentation at the coming session of the Legislature.

Mercantile Appraiser Appointed.

On Tuesday the County Commissioners elected their Mercantile Appraiser in the county for the coming year. The choice fell on L. D. Orndorf, of Woodward, and it was made unanimous. Mr. Orndorf is a capable young man and will make a good official for the place.

PARIS AND THE EXPOSITION
ILLUSTRATED!

PARIS, the most beautiful city in the world, presents this year the most magnificent Exposition of the marvels of the Nineteenth and a forecast of the Twentieth Century ever known. Millions of people will journey thousands of miles at vast expense to see the MATCHLESS WONDERS of the Fair. Millions more can secure, at trifling expense, beautiful

PHOTOGRAPHIC REPRODUCTIONS

Taken by a corps of our own artists, portraying all that is worth seeing.

This BEAUTIFUL ART SERIES will be published weekly, in twenty consecutive numbers of sixteen views each. The whole will constitute a large and beautiful volume of 320 MAGNIFICENT ART REPRODUCTIONS.

OUR TERMS—Write plainly your name and address, and mail the same to us with Ten cents, each week, and your name will be entered upon our books and the parts will be mailed to you promptly, as soon as published.

Send in your orders at once in order to insure prompt delivery. The parts are numbered consecutively from 1 to 20, and subscribers should indicate each week the No. of part desired.

Back numbers can always be secured. Subscribers sending us postal order for \$1.50 will receive the entire 20 parts of the series.

CLUBS—Any person sending us ten names with address, and one dollar weekly, will be given one set of the parts free.

Large Advertisers and Paris Exhibitors should write to us for special terms for these parts.

Postmasters and persons not employed can make big money by writing to us for special terms to agents.

SAMPLES of these parts may be seen at the office of this paper or will be mailed for Ten (10) cents.

PARIS EXPOSITION VIEW COMPANY,

114 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Editor McAlarney Dead.

HARRISBURG, Dec. 6.—M. W. McAlarney, editor of the Harrisburg "Telegraph," died at his home here yesterday afternoon, aged 60 years. Mr. McAlarney was postmaster of Harrisburg from 1874 until 1887. He was a former president of the board of trade and prominently interested in the religious work of the city. During the civil war Mr. McAlarney was provost marshal of the 18th Pennsylvania district.

Heartless Scheme to Plunder.

Mrs. John Blaska, of Coalport, was Tuesday breathlessly informed by a stranger that her husband had been killed in the mines. Implying her informant to look after the babies she hurried to the mine to find that Blaska was at work and that there had been no accident. When the husband and wife reached home they found that in the absence of Mrs. Blaska the stranger had ransacked the house and fled. He has not been apprehended.

Prominent Colored Man Dead.

Rev. Wm. Howard Day, A. M. D. D., a colored divine, died in Harrisburg Monday, aged 73 years. He had been a member of the Harrisburg school for many years, had served as its president, and was president of the Dauphin County Teachers' association.

A \$7,000 Fire.

Fire, near Oswayo, Potter county, destroyed the plant of the Oswayo Chemical company Monday evening. The loss will reach \$7,000 upon which there is an insurance of \$50,000. The factory was owned by Bradford parties.

—The Spruce Creek tunnel improvements are coming along nicely, but not as far progressed as anticipated last spring, when it was declared that the old tunnel would be remodeled and ready to be put into service by Christmas time, of this year. The tunnel is nearly done, but there remains a long line of new track to lay and some grading to do. It may be before long all is finished, although with favorable weather the contractors hope to have the work done before that time.

Personally-Conducted Tour Via Pennsylvania Railroad.

SEASON OF 1900-1901.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company announces the following Personally-Conducted Tour for the season of 1900-1901: California.—A thirty-five-day tour will leave New York, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, and Pittsburgh February 14. The party will travel over the entire route by the "Golden Gate Special," the finest train that crosses the continent.

Florida.—Three tours to Jacksonville will leave New York and Philadelphia February 5 and 19, and March 5. The first two of these admit of a sojourn of two weeks in the "Flower State." Tickets for the third tour will be good to return by regular trains until May 31, 1901.

Tickets for the above tours will be sold from all principal points on the Pennsylvania Railroad. For detailed itineraries, giving rates and full information, address Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburgh; B. Courlander, Jr., Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore; C. Studds, Passenger Agent South-eastern District, Washington; or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

—The REPUBLICAN and New York Weekly Tribune one year for \$1.25.

A Long Distance
TELEPHONE

Combines perfect local service with advantages coming from all LONG DISTANCE subscribers. From a commercial standpoint the Telephone yields a larger profit on the investment than anything else in the world. As a

Household
Equipment

Its value cannot be estimated.

The Rates are Moderate.

Central Penna. Telephone
& Supply Company,

REAL ESTATE,
LOAN AND TITLE COMPANY
Of Centre County.

JOHN C. MILLER, President.
EDMUND BLANCHARD, Secretary.
J. THOMAS MITCHELL, Treasurer.

Real Estate and Conveyancing.

Valuable Town and Country property for sale or rent.

Properties cared for and rents collected. Loans Negotiated.

Titles Examined. Certified Abstracts of Titles furnished upon application.

If you have a Farm or Town Property for sale or rent place it in our hands. If you wish to buy or rent a farm or house consult us.

If you wish to borrow money call on us. Is your title clear? It is to your interest to know. It is ours to assure you.

OFFICE:
Room 3, - Bush Arcade, 3- Bellefonte.

CENTENNIAL CELEBRATION WASHINGTON D. C.

Reduced Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On account of the Centennial Celebration of the establishment of the seat of government of the United States in the District of Columbia, to be held at Washington, D. C., December 12, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell round-trip tickets to Washington from all points on its line at rate of single fare for the round trip. Tickets will be sold and good going December 11, and will be good returning until December 14, inclusive.

—On Thursday of this week Mrs. J. Z. Long, of Howard, received a Filipino flag and a stiletto from her son Clyde, who is at present in the Philippine Islands. The curios were wrapped in a Pittsburgh "Dispatch" dated July 29.

It is easier to see through a window glass than it is to see through a glass eye.

Track Bed in the River.

A terrible railroad accident was averted Friday at Selingsgrove. P. A. Herman, the tower dispatcher at Selingsgrove Junction, while crossing the railroad bridge spanning the Susquehanna river at that place noticed a large crevice in the stone work of the abutment on the east side. Later he found that fully thirty-five feet of the track bed had fallen into the river. Immediately he ran to the tower and notified the Selingsgrove office to hold a freight train. The train had already started to cross the bridge, but was intercepted in the nick of time.

—Telling what they would do if they had their lives to live over again, is one of the favorite pastimes of many men, some of whom are not yet too old to score a touch down and kick a goal, were they to devote more of their time to action and less to cogitation. And another pastime of many men is giving the younger ones an abundance of advice, much of which they could, were they so inclined, utilize to good advantage themselves.

Everything seems to be the object of a trust nowadays. Even the gentle rain forms pools in the streets.

Life and coat buttons often hang by slender threads.

Becomes Sole Owner.

At a meeting of the surviving partners of the firm of Hoover, Hughes & Co., held on Monday, December 3, in Philadelphia, for the purpose of pro-rating some of the assets of the firm, W. V. Hughes, of Altoona, became the owner of the entire H., H. & Co.'s plant on North Front street, Philadelphia. The remaining assets of the firm, consisting of coal and other lands, together with several dwelling houses, will be advertised to be sold at public sale later on.

This practically winds up one of the largest and most progressive business firms in the county, of which the late E. C. Humes, of Bellefonte, was a member. Mr. Hughes for a number of years was a contractor in Bellefonte, building the Presbyterian church and many other of the older buildings in the town.

Eczema Relieved in a Day.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment will cure this disgusting skin disease without fail. It will also cure Barber's Itch, Tetter, Salt Rheum, and all skin eruptions. In from three to six nights it will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. One application brings comfort to the most irritating cases. 35 cents.—55. Sold by F. Potts Green.

A carb-uncle is a jewel of a relative.

If You Wish to Become



A Chemist, A Teacher,
An Engineer, A Lawyer,
An Electrician, A Physician,
A Scientific Farmer, A Journalist.

In short, if you wish to secure a training that will fit you well for any honorable pursuit in life.

The Pennsylvania
State College

Offers Exceptional Advantages.

TUITION IS FREE IN ALL COURSES.

TAKING EFFECT IN SEPTEMBER, 1900, the General Courses have been extensively modified, so as to furnish a much more varied range of electives, after the Freshman Year, than heretofore, including History; the English, French, German, Spanish, Latin and Greek Languages and Literatures; Psychology; Ethics; Pedagogy, and Political Science. These courses are especially adapted to the wants of those who seek either the most thorough training for the Profession of Teaching, or a general College Education.

The courses in Chemistry, Civil, Electrical, Mechanical and Mining Engineering are among the very best in the United States. Graduates have no difficulty in securing and holding positions.

YOUNG WOMEN are admitted to all courses on the same terms as Young Men.

The FALL SESSION opens September 12, 1900.

For SPECIMEN EXAMINATION PAPERS or for CATALOGUE giving full information respecting courses of study, expenses, etc., and SHOWING POSITIONS HELD BY GRADUATES, address

THE REGISTRAR.

STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., PA.

NEW YORK
TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

ALL THE NEWS
Three Times a Week.

The first number of the THE TRI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE was published November 20th, 1899. The immediate and cordial welcome accorded it from Eastern and Western states insured an unexampled success.

It is published on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and each number is a complete, up-to-date daily newspaper, with all important news of the world up to hour of going to press.

Contains all striking news features of THE DAILY TRIBUNE. Special war dispatches, domestic and foreign correspondence, short stories, humorous illustrations, political cartoons, industrial information, fashion notes, agricultural matters, comprehensive and reliable financial and market reports.

Profusely illustrated with half-tones and portraits of prominent people. Regular subscription price \$1.50 per year, but we furnish it as a trial subscription

WITH THE "REPUBLICAN" 1 YEAR FOR \$2.50.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE For nearly sixty years the leading national family newspaper for progressive farmers and villagers.

Its Agricultural Department is unexcelled, and Market Reports an authority for the country.

Contains all the news of the nation and world, with interesting and instructive reading for every member of every family on every farm and in every village in the United States.

Regular subscription price \$1.00 per year, but we furnish it as a trial subscription With "THE REPUBLICAN" 1 Year for \$1.25.

Send all orders to

THE REPUBLICAN, Bellefonte, Pa..

POPULAR PUBLICATIONS—POPULAR PRICES

has for nearly sixty years been recognized as the People's National Family Newspaper, for farmers and villagers. Its splendid Agricultural Department, its reliable market reports, its recognized authority throughout the country, its fashion notes, its Science and Mechanics Department, its fascinating stories, etc., render it indispensable in every family. Regular subscription price, \$1.00 per year.

In connection with The Tribune we offer to those who desire to secure the best magazines, illustrated weeklies and agricultural journals, the following splendid inducements:

	Regular Price	With Weekly Tri-Weekly Tribune	With Weekly Tri-Weekly Tribune
	One Year.	One Year.	One Year.
North American Review, New York City.....	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.50
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McClure's Magazine, New York City.....	1.00	1.30	1.05
Frank Leslie's Monthly, New York City.....	1.00	1.30	1.05
Munsey's Magazine, New York City.....	1.00	1.35	2.00
McClure's Monthly, New York City.....	1.00	1.10	1.75
Ledger Monthly, New York City.....	1.00	1.00	1.50
Puck, New York City.....	5.00	5.00	5.50
Judge, New York City.....	5.00	5.00	5.50
Leslie's Weekly, New York City.....	5.00	4.00	4.50
Review of Reviews, New York City.....	2.50	2.50	3.15
Scribner's Magazine, New York City.....	5.00	5.00	5.50
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Rural New Yorker, New York City.....	1.00	1.25	1.75
Farm Journal, Philadelphia, Penna.....	2.00	2.00	2.50
Country Gentleman, Albany, N. Y.....	2.00	2.00	2.50
Ohio Farmer, Philadelphia, Penna.....	.50	1.00	1.50
Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penna.....	1.00	1.25	1.85
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.....	1.75	2.25	2.50
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.....	.50	1.00	1.50
New England Homestead, Springfield, Mass.....	1.00	1.00	1.50
Good Housekeeping, Springfield, Mass.....	1.00	1.00	1.50
Farm Field and Fireside, Chicago, Ill.....	1.00	1.00	1.50
Orange Judd Farmer, Chicago, Ill.....	1.00	1.25	1.85
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Farm and Fireside, Springfield, Ohio.....	.50	1.00	1.50
Farm News, Springfield, Ohio.....	.50	1.00	1.50
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Tribune Almanac, 1901.....	.50	1.00	1.50

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CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 27 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Two Deaths.

Grace, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Jenkins, of Allegheny, Pa., died at that place on November 24th, death being caused by general breaking down from overstudy. Having lived in Allegheny only a short time, going there with her parents from Bellefonte, she endeared herself to a great many outside her classmates. She was 11 years of age and was the light and life of her home, which is surrounded by the deepest sorrow.

The funeral took place at her late home in Allegheny Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The funeral was largely attended by her classmates and friends of the family. Her former classmates in Bellefonte sent a very sympathetic letter to the grief-stricken parents. Her little casket was surrounded by beautiful flowers sent by classmates and friends in Allegheny.

Rev. Gerney Weber died at Salisbury, North Carolina, Monday, November 25. Deceased was born at Rebersburg, Centre county, Pa., September 14, 1868, and was, therefore, at the time of his death, aged 32 years, 2 months and 5 days. His mother died before he attained the age of two years, and his father died while Mr. Weber was a student at college.

COUGHS KILL

We know of nothing better than coughing to tear the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than wet feet to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever, and making everything exactly right for the germs of consumption. Better kill your cough before it kills you.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

kills coughs of every kind. A 25 cent bottle is just right for an ordinary cough; for the harder coughs of bronchitis you will need a 50 cent bottle; and for the coughs of consumption the one dollar size is most economical.

"My cough reduced me to a mere skeleton. I tried many remedies, but they all failed. After using the Cherry Pectoral I immediately began to improve, and three bottles restored me to health. I believe I owe my life to it."

SARAH F. MORGAN, Brownstown, Va.
Oct. 7, 1898.

NICARAGUAN CANAL.

The Hay-Pauncefote Treaty Was Under Consideration.

SENATE ADDRESSED BY MORGAN.

The American People, He Said, Had Mapped Out the Canal and They Were Not Going to Allow Any Obstacle to Stand.

HE WAS ASKED MANY QUESTIONS

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The senate was in active session for more than 4 hours yesterday, the entire time being devoted to the discussion by Senator Morgan of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty for the abrogation of the portion of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty which relates to the Nicaraguan canal.

The senator made it very plain in the course of his remarks that while he was not opposed to the pending treaty in almost any form, his principal, if not his only concern in that connection is for the passage of the canal bill and he allowed it to be very broadly understood that he had engaged in the treaty discussion because of his conviction that there were a majority of senators who would insist upon action upon the treaty as a condition precedent to the passage of the canal bill. For this reason he said he was willing to discuss the treaty. He intimated privately to other senators, however, that he would not consent to the fixing of a time for a vote upon the treaty until there also could be a time fixed for like action upon the Nicaraguan canal bill.

Discussing the question of the fortification of the canal, Senator Morgan argued strenuously against both as inexpedient and unnecessary. He contended that Great Britain was not the only power whose interests would be affected by a provision for fortification and said that Nicaragua and Costa Rica had a right to be considered in that connection. Furthermore, in case of war everybody knew that the canal would be protected to the fullest extent so that any provision bearing on this point was needless. He admitted, however, that he had no doubt that if the United States should proceed with the construction of the canal without first taking steps to secure the neutrality of the canal Great Britain would be grievously offended, and that he thought it not impossible that the offense would be considered sufficiently grave to lead to hostilities between the two countries.

"Do you mean," asked Senator Beveridge, "that notwithstanding the present friendly relations between the countries, England might declare war if we should construct the canal with our own means and in our own way?"

Senator Morgan replied that he considered that first among the probabilities. "But," he continued, "I should not be deterred by that circumstance. What England would do," he said, "of course, was a mere matter of speculation," and added that he had only referred to this possibility in order to emphasize his opinion that the canal should be constructed in any contingency. "The American people," he said, "had mapped out that canal and they were not going to allow any obstacle, no matter how serious, to stand in the way. He believed that the administration that would undertake to build the canal, knowing that to do so meant war, would be endorsed by the people at large by a bigger majority than that which McKinley had received over Bryan in the last election."

Senator Morgan was plying with many questions by Senators Mason, Teller, Beveridge, Tillman and others. Mr. Mason asked whether it was true that if the Hay-Pauncefote negotiation prevented the use of the canal by Great Britain in time of war; the converse proposition that it also prohibited such use by the United States was not also true. To this Mr. Morgan did not make direct reply, saying that he would take up that point later in his discussion. In discussing the points of the treaty with Senator Teller, the Alabama senator expressed the view that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty is unconstitutional, and for this reason, if for no other, it should be disregarded.

Cataract Cannot be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Cataract is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Cataract Cure is not a quick medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Cataract. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

—Members of the Old Fort Masonic Lodge will hold a banquet in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, December 21. Supper will be served at 9 o'clock. Previous to the feast the installation of officers will take place at the Masonic Hall in the Bank building.



After Baby Comes.

In the days following the baby's birth there is often a long up-hill struggle to recover strength, and the nurse busies herself in the preparation of jellies and broths for the invalid.

When Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is used as a preparative for motherhood the baby's advent is practically painless, there is abundant strength to nurse and nourish the child, and a rapid recovery from the shock and strain inseparable from maternity.

"I was pleased that Dr. Pierce answered my letter," writes Mrs. C. W. Young, of 21 South Regent Street (Lee Park), Wilkesbarre, Penna. "When I had those mishaps I began to think I would never have children. My back used to almost break and I would get sick at my stomach and have such headaches I did not know what to do; they used to set me nearly crazy, and I used to dread to get up, I felt so bad; then I began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. When baby was expected I took it all the time I was that way. I felt fine all the time, and I never got those dizzy spells now. I have a perfect romp of a boy; he is the light of our house. I am now twenty years old and my baby is almost eight months old. I now feel well, and weigh 150 pounds, and the baby 23½ pounds. We feel very grateful for the good your medicine did for us. We are both healthy, thanks to Dr. Pierce's medicine."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets keep the bowels healthy.

Is Phillipsburg Going Back.

We were surprised to learn from the "Tyrone Herald," some days ago, that the Post Office Department had decided not to grant free postal delivery to Phillipsburg, although the office had business enough to warrant it, because the walks were not in a proper condition and the houses were not numbered. In the "Journal" of that town, issue of December 5, a correspondent, over the cognomen of "Co-Calico," sheds some light upon the subject and pleads guilty to the indictment. Our people feel deeply concerned in what interests our neighbor over the mountain and if they are going to sleep we feel like punching them a little to wake them up. Get a more on, neighbor, and show the world that you are fully up to the times. You have got the metal in you to make an up-to-date modern city. The "Journal's" correspondent says:

"EDITOR DAILY JOURNAL:—Our town was formerly called progressive. Of late people say it is slow, and it really looks as if there was some truth in this statement. The sidewalks, for instance, in many parts of town, are in bad condition and the ordinances respecting them is not enforced; nor is the one relative to cattle running at large, for cows frequently destroy the shrubbery of citizens who have removed the front fences on the supposition that they would not be annoyed in this way. So little attention is given to this matter that it is seldom that any of the offending cows are impounded, and if an officer occasionally comes across one he is more than likely to give her a start homeward. But what more can be expected when one of the borough 'dads' has turkeys run-d off in his place of business and the chief of police, instead of stopping it, takes a chance at throwing the dice himself?"

"The house numbering job is another instance of how the tax payers' interests are looked after, for there are numerous instances where no numbers were put on houses, and yet the Council paid the whole bill which, to say the least of it, was extortionate."

"When these things are considered, is it any wonder that the Post Office Department, which examines all points closely, refused to grant us free delivery?"

"CO-CALICO."

Says He Was Tortured.

"I suffered such pain from corns I could hardly walk," writes H. Robinson, Hillsborough, Ill., but Bucklen's America Salve completely cured them." Acts like magic on sprains, bruises, cuts, sores, scalds, burns, boils, ulcers. Perfect healer of skin diseases and piles. Cure guaranteed by F. Potts Green. 25c.

Schools Closed on Account of Diphtheria.

The two schools in Bush's Addition, Spring township, taught by Edward Owens and Miss Rebecca Heckman were closed on Tuesday of last week and have not been reopened, on account of the prevalence of diphtheria.

While only two or three cases have been reported in that community the directors thought it best to run no risk of spreading the disease through the schools, so they were closed.

The cases reported are in the families of Milton Johnson and Robert Gentzel, but both are well on the road to health again.

—Earl E. Hewitt has been elected captain of the State College foot ball team for 1901.

Food Change—To Poison.

Putrefying food in the intestines produces effects like those of arsenic, but Dr. King's New Life Pills expel the poisons from clogged bowels, gently, easily but surely curing constipation, biliousness, sick headache, fevers, all liver, kidney and bowel troubles. Only 25c at F. Potts Green's drug store.

NATURE'S LESSON.

Is there a cloud in the azure sky
That forgets the mission it hath on high?
Not one.
Is there a star in the curtain of night
That forgets to shine with a radiance bright?
Not one.
Is there a bud in field or bower
That forgets to blossom into a flower?
Not one.

The clouds, the stars and flowers bright
In a beautiful language speak forth God's might,
While we, frail creatures of the dust,
Forget, alas, to be even just.
We stand empty handed, while all around
There are lives to brighten, now sorrow bound.
There are deeds which our hands should gladly do
That would cheer some heart its journey through.
A kind word here, a good deed there,
Would scatter sweet blessings everywhere.
—Anna T. Hackman in Philadelphia Bulletin.

A RAW YOUNG LAWYER.

His First Case Introduced Him to Contempt of Court.

Some of the members of the bar were discussing contempt cases because of a recent notable event in the state, and one of the little coterie related a personal experience.

"I read law at home and had my examinations through a little country lawyer who knew a great deal, but never had a big case and was notorious for his ability in abusing justices of the peace. It may seem a preposterous statement, but I had never heard or thought of such a thing as contempt of court when I had my first professional experience in a common pleas court. No sooner had the opposition attorney made an objection than the judge ruled against me."

"I proceeded to inform him that he was wrong, that he knew he was wrong and that I wished he would quit his pettifoggery. The lawyers in attendance were temporarily petrified; the venerable judge glared at me over his glasses, finally smiled in a forgiving sort of way and told me to proceed. Very soon there was another well taken objection, and again he ruled against me. This practically took the protest down under my case, and I went to the justice as my instructor had been accustomed to go at a justice of the peace in a back township."

"Your honor," I declaimed, "is a political accident. In the eternal fitness of things you should be digging coal or cleaning out underbrush. You have no more sense of justice than a Zulu chief of mercy. Thank heaven there is a higher judicial tribunal in this state than this—But there I was halted by a fine of \$200 or 90 days in jail. The judge took me to his private room, where he learned my story and remitted the fine. To pay \$200 at that time would have pauperized me. I now have quite a reputation for never rubbing the court the wrong way."—Detroit Free Press.

A Kall and Kipling Medley.

Mr. Barrie was one day at Waterloo station in a hurry to catch a train. He was hastening from the bookstall laden with papers, "a good many sixpenny ones among them," he dolefully relates, when, in rushing around a corner, he fell into the arms of Rudyard Kipling, equally in a tearing hurry. They turned on each other with scowling faces, then smiled in recognition and asked each other whether he went. Then Kipling, exclaiming, "Lucky beggar, you've got papers!" seized the bundle from Barrie, fung him some money and made off. "But you did not stoop to pick up his dirty halfpence, did you?" queried one of Mr. Barrie's hearers amusedly. "Didn't I, though?" returned Barrie, and added ruefully, "But he hadn't fung me half enough."—St. James Gazette.

Odd Features of French Elections.

There are some curious features connected with French parliamentary elections. For instance, no wall literature issued by a candidate or his friends may be printed on white paper, white being the color reserved for official announcements. In the days of the empire, when official candidates were known in the land, the addresses of the government's nominees were printed on white paper, and this no doubt had due weight with the more ignorant voters. Again, any elector whose name is mentioned in a newspaper can, if he feel himself aggrieved, call upon the editor to publish a reply. This, however, is not confined to elections, but is a right enjoyed by French citizens under the law of the country.—London Mail.

REV. T. J. FLEMING.

Pastor of the Catholic Church at Snow Shoe Dies in Bonneville.

Rev. T. J. Fleming, a well known Catholic priest, and who until recently was stationed at Snow Shoe, died Friday morning at Bonneville, Adams county, Pa. He had been in ill health for the past year. About twenty years ago he was rector of the Church of the Immaculate Conception at Lock Haven. He also held charges at Locust Gap and Chambersburg. He has often assisted Father McAnille in the forty hour devotion services at this place. He was about 72 years of age.

—The storekeepers in town are using their best taste and skill in making their show windows attractive for the Christmas season. Many are the exclamations of praise and admiration made by passers-by who never tire of gazing upon the beautiful and varied display of holiday goods.

Much has been said against pride, but it at least never brings one the humiliation of having a favor refused.

The inbred curiosity of some people enables others to make a good living without work.

Consumption

is destruction of lung by a growing germ, precisely as mouldy cheese is destruction of cheese by a growing germ.

If you kill the germ, you stop the consumption. You can or can't, according to when you begin.

Take Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil: take a little at first.



The genuine has this picture on it, take no other.

It acts as a food; it is the easiest food. Seems not to be food; makes you hungry; eating is comfortable. You grow stronger. Take more; not too much; enough is as much as you like and agrees with you. Satisfy hunger with usual food; whatever you like and agrees with you.

When you are strong again, have recovered your strength—the germs are dead; you have killed them.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample, its agreeable taste will surprise you.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 409 Pearl St., New York. 50c. and \$1.00; all druggists.

—Plans are on foot to give President McKinley on March 4th next the most splendid inauguration in the history of the nation. It is proposed that the parade shall be the longest seen in the United States since the final review of the Army of the Potomac at the close of the Civil war.

Do you Cough?

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup will cure a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough and Measle-Cough without fail. Mothers praise it. Doctors prescribe it for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Gripe, Pneumonia and Consumption. It gives quick, sure results. Price, 25c. Refuse the dealer's substitute; it is not as good.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup

Always cures when others fail. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup cures Croup, Whooping-Cough and Measle-Cough. 50 pills, 10 cts. Trial box, 5 cts.

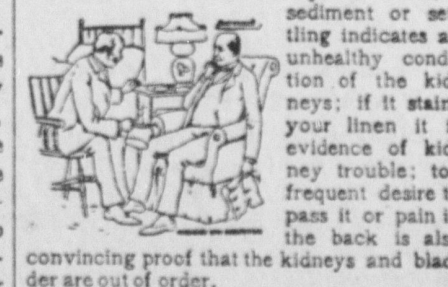
Chinese Thank American Troops.

PEKIN, Dec. 8.—Li Hung Chang has informed General Chaffee that he and all the people of the province of Chi Li are extremely pleased and gratified at the behavior of the American troops towards the Chinese.

This is considered no light matter. From all sections of the portion of the city under American rule come words of praise, thankfulness and commendation regarding the behavior of the Americans.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out. Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also



convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do. There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scaling pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail, address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

